The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.
PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING
IN COLUMBIAN BUILDING NEAR THE COURT HOUSE, BY
CHARLES B. BROCKWAY,
Editor and Proprietor.
TERMS.—Two Dollars a Year, payable in Advance.
CIRCULATION 2500.
JOB PRINTING
of all descriptions executed with neatness and dispatch at reasonable rates.

The Columbian.

VOLUME IV---NO. 3. BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1870. COL. DEM.---VOL. XXXIII--NO. 48.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, (ten lines or its equivalent in Nonpareil type) one or two insertions, $1.50; three insertions, $2.00.

SPACE.	1M.	2M.	3M.	6M.	1Y.
One square	$2.50	$3.00	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two squares	3.50	5.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three squares	5.00	7.00	9.00	12.00	18.00
Four squares	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	60.00
One column	30.00	36.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Executor's or Administrator's Notice, $3.00; Auditor's or Assignee's Notice, $2.50.

Local notices, twenty cents a line; by the year ten cents.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $2.00 per year for the first two lines, and $1.00 for each additional line.

Bloomsburg Directory.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

M. RUPERT, dealer in stoves & tinware, Rupert block, Main st. west of Market. vl-n43

JOB METZ, dealer in stoves and tinware, Main street, above court house. vl-n43

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 2d door above American House. vl-n43

M. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor and Agent for the New Perham Sewing Machine, corner of Centre and Main sts., over Miller's store. v3-n50

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

F. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary. Main st., below the Post Office. vl-n43

MEYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Grower's block Main st. vl-n43

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &c.

E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American Hse. vl-43

CHAS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker, near southeast corner Main and Iron sts, vl-43

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & Jewelry &c., Main Street near West st. v3 n15

NATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main. vl-n43

BOOTS AND SHOES.

C. SOLLEDER, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Main street, opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n43

M. BROWN, Boot and Shoemaker, Main street, opposite the Court House. vl-n43

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st., below Hartman's store, west of Market. vl-43

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street Bloomsburg. vl-n43

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House. vl-n43

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician, Exchange Block over Webb's book store v3-n38

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.—Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church. vl-n40

C. R. IKELER, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d door in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." v3-n1

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel." vl-n3

DR. E. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, North side Main st., below Market. vl-n43

DR. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, South side Main street, below Market. vl-n43

DR. T. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main. vl-n43

C. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street. v2-n20

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

MRS. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st, vl-n43

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street, vl-n43

MISS A. D. WEBB, Fancy Goods, Notions, Books, and Stationery, Exchange Block, Main st. vl-n43

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., opposite Court House. vl-n44

MISS E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main street below Market. vl-n43

MISS JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Books and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts. vl-n43

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House, vl-n43

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

AMERICAN HOUSE, by John Leacock, Main street, west of Iron street. vl-n43

COLUMBIA HOTEL, by B. Stohner, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

EXCHANGE HOTEL, by Koons & Clark, Main street, opposite the Court House. vl-n43

EAGLE HOTEL, by Geo. W. Mauger, east end of Main street, vl-43

LEACOCK, Oyster and Eating saloon, American House, Main st., Baltzer Leacock superintendent. vl-n45

KOONS & CLARK, Refreshment Saloon, Exchange Hotel. vl-n43

SCHMYER & JACOBY, Confectionery, Bakery and Oyster Saloon, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block, Main street. vl-n43

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

J. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

B. SEESHOLTZ, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots, Shoes, &c., corner Main and Iron streets. v3-n39

C. A. BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books & stationery, Main st., below Market. vl-n43

JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron vl-46

EMENDENHALL, General Stock of Merchandise and Lumber, corner of Main street and brick pond. vl-n44

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block. vl-n43

J. C. HOWER, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House. vl-n43

C. J. BROWER, Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., corner Main st. and Court House alley. vl-n43

HARRIS & EYER, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, etc., cor., Main and Centre sts. vl-n43

C. K. GIRTON, Groceries & Provisions, Main street below Market. vl-n44

C. K. EYER, Groceries and General Merchandise. Main st., above West. vl-43

F. P. LUTZ dealer in Choice Dry Goods, and Notions. Main Street, opposite the Court House. vl-n43

McKELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, &c., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts. vl-n43

C. H. MILLER & SON, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Exchange Block, Main st. vl-n43

CRAMER & A. E. HAYHURST, Dealers in Groceries, Confectioneries and Notions, Scott, south side, Main st. v2-n18

WILLIAM ERASMUS, Confectionerics, Main st., near the railroad. vl-n43

MISCELLANEOUS.

WITMAN, Marble Works, one door below Post Office, Main Street. vl-n43

BLOOMSBURG LUMBER CO., manufacturers and dealers in Lumber of all kinds; Planing mill near the railroad. vl-n46

FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown. vl-n47

M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street. v3-n50

W. ROBBINS, Liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts. vl-n43

B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular lightning Rod. v2-n19

J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st. vl-43

W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st. vl-n43

ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st. vl-43

S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemerin's alley, rear of American House. vl-43

JOHN A. FUNSTON & CO., mutual and cash rates fire Insurance companies, Brower's Building, Main Street. vl-n43

JAMES CADMAN, Cabinetmaker and Chairmaker; rooms Main street bel. Iron. v3-n21

W. SAMPLE & Co., Machinists, East Bloomsburg, near Lack. R. R. Castings made at short notice. Machinery made and repaired. v2-n21

H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms vl-n43

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road. vl-n46

C. PEACOCK, Notary Public, northeast corner Main and Market st. vl-n43

Orangeville Directory.

A. & E. W. COLEMAN, Merchant Tailors and Gent's furnishing goods, Main St., next door to the Brick Hotel. vl-n47

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine. vl-n47

B. HERRING & HERRING, dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Lumber and general Merchandise, Main st. vl-n47

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st., vl-n47

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon, Main st., next door to Good's Hotel vl-n47

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street, vl-n47

H. H. & C. KELCHNER, Blacksmiths, on Mill Street, near Pine. vl-n47

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine. vl-n47

J. M. HARMAN, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., opposite Frame Church. v2n11

JOHN FRYMIRE, Saddle and Harness maker, Main st., above the Swan Hotel. vl-n47

LEWIS H. SCHUYLER, Iron founder, Machinist, and Manufacturer of plows, Mill St. vl-n47

MILES A. WILLIAMS & Co., Tanners and Manufacturers of leather, Mill Street. vl-n47

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St. v2n5.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill St., west of P. O. vln49

Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building. v2-n18

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main. v2-n18

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street v2-n12

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets. v2n18

L. KEILER, Billiard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St. v2n12

M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c. v2-n18

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbauder Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street. v2n12

S. D. RINARD, dealer in Stoves and Tin-ware, Main Street. v2n12

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St. v2n12

Light Street.

A. H. IRVINE, Medical Store Main Street and Briarcreek Road. v3n19

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House. vln46

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, vln46

J. J. LEISER, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, Office at Keller's Hotel. v2n27

J. TERWILLIGER, Cabinemaker, Undertaker and Chairmaker, vln46

J. W. SANKEY, dealer in Leather, Hides, Bark, etc. Cash paid for Hides. vln46

PETER ENT, dealer in Dry Goods Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., Main street. vln45

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches. vln46

Espy.

B. F. REIGHARD, & BRO. dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and general Merchandise. v2n11

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C.S. Fowler, Proprietor. v2n46

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill. v2n1

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufactory. v2n11

Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town. v2-n18

Business Cards.

M. M. L'VELLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Ashland, Schuylkill County Pa.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, Back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.3'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House, Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE—Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

J. B. PURSEL,
HARNESS, SADDLE, AND TRUNK MANUFACTURER,
and dealer in
CARPET-BAGS, VALISES, FLY-NETS,
BUFFALO ROBES, HORSE-BLANKETS &c.,
which he feels confident he can sell at lower rate than any other person in the county. Examine for yourselves.
Shop third door below the Court House, Main Street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
nov. 15,'67.

SENT FREE!
M. O'KEEFE, SON & CO.'S
SEED CATALOGUE
And GUIDE to the
FLOWER and VEGETABLE
Garden, For 1870.
Published in January. Every lover of flowers wishing this new and valuable work, free of charge, should address immediately M. O'Keefe Son & Co., Ellwanger & Barry's Block Rochester, N. Y. Dec. 2,'69-tf

PIMPLES.
The undersigned will cheerfully mail (FREE) to all who wish it the Recipe and full directions for preparing and using a simple and Beautiful Vegetable Balm, that will immediately remove Tan, Freckles, Pimples, Blotches, and all eruptions and impurities of the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, smooth and beautiful.
He will also send (FREE) instructions for producing by very simple means, a luxuriant growth of hair on a baldhead or smooth face in less than thirty days from first application.
The above can be obtained by return mail by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, P. O. Box 5428, 195 Broadway, New York.
Aug. 6,'69-1y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.
A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing with perfect confidence,
JOHN B. OGDEN,
No. 42 Cedar street, New York.
Nov. 26,'69-1y.

JOB PRINTING IN COLORS,
Neatly executed at this office.

Philadelphia Directory.

MAJOR E. R. ARTMAN. C. H. DILLINGER. M. MORY

ARTMAN, DILLINGER & CO.,
NO. 104 NORTH THIRD ST. PHILADELPHIA.
Two doors above Arch, formerly 226,
MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS IN
CARPETS, COTTONS, YARNS, BATTING,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPET CHAINS, CORDAGE,
OIL SHADES, GRAIN BAGS, TIE YARN,
WICK YARN, WINDOW PAPER, COVERLETS,
—ALSO,—
WILLOW AND WOODEN WARE
BROOMS, BRUSHES, LOOKING GLASSES, TRUNKS.
feb. 5,'69.

EAGLE HOTEL.
227 NORTH THIRD STREET,
R. D. CUMMINGS, PROPRIETOR.

ESTABLISHED 1793.
JORDAN & BROTHER,
Wholesale Grocers, and Dealers in
SALTPETRE AND BRIMSTONE
No 240 North Third St.
Philadelphia.

G. W. BLABON & CO.,
Manufacturers of
OIL CLOTHS AND WINDOW SHADES,
Warehouse, No. 124 North Third Street
Philadelphia.

GEORGE H. ROBERTS,
Importer and Dealer in
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GUNS, &c.
No. 311 North Third Street, above Vine
Philadelphia.

C. H. HORNE. W. S. KING. J. B. SEYBERT.
HORNE, KING & SEYBERT,
WHOLESALE DRY GOODS,
No. 421 Market Street
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders filled promptly at lowest prices.
January 3, 1868.

HW. RANK'S
WHOLESALE TOBACCO, SNUFF, AND
CIGAR WAREHOUSE,
No. 146 North Third Street,
Between Cherry and Race, west side.
Philadelphia.

I. H. WALTER,
Late Walter & Kaub,
Importer and Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS, AND QUEENSWARE,
No. 234 N. Third Street,
Philadelphia.

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 503 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

JOHN STROUP & CO.,
Successors to Stroup & Brother,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN FISH.
No. 24 North Wharves and 25 North Third St
Philadelphia.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
oct. 22,'69-1y

SNYDER, HARRIS & BASSETT,
Manufacturers and Jobbers of
MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
Nos. 525 Market, and 522 Commerce Street,
Philadelphia.

WILLIAM FISHER
WITH
THOMAS CARSON & CO.
WHOLESALE
DEALERS IN HOSIERY,
MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
LINENS & NOTIONS,
NO. 18 NORTH FOURTH STREET
Philadelphia.
June 4,'69-6m

WARTMAN & ENGELMAN,
TOBACCO, SNUFF & SEGAR
MANUFACTORY,
No. 313 NORTH THIRD STREET,
Second Door below Wood,
PHILADELPHIA.
J. W. WARTMAN. P. ENGELMAN.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention.
may 19,67-tf.

Hotels.

COLUMBIA HOTEL.
BY
BERNARD STOHNER.
Having lately purchased and fitted up the well known Robison Hotel Property, located a
FEW DOORS ABOVE THE COURT HOUSE,
on the same side of the street, in the town of Bloomsburg, and having obtained a license for the same as a
HOTEL AND RESTAURANT,
the Proprietor has determined to give to the people visiting the town on business or pleasure,
A LITTLE MORE ROOM.
His stabling also is extensive, and is fitted up to put buggies and carriages in the dry. He promises that everything about his establishment shall be conducted in an orderly and lawful manner; and he respectfully solicits a share of the public patronage. [my 17'67-tf

EXCHANGE HOTEL.
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA CO., PA.
The undersigned having purchased this well-known and centrally-located house, the Exchange Hotel, situate on MAIN STREET, in Bloomsburg, immediately opposite the Columbia county Court House, respectfully inform their friends and the public in general that their house is now in order for the reception and entertainment of travellers who may be disposed to favor it with their custom. They have spared no expense in preparing the Exchange for the entertainment of their guests neither shall there be anything wanting on their part to minister to their personal comfort. The house is spacious, and enjoys an excellent business location.
Omnibuses run at all times between the Exchange Hotel and the various railroad depots, by which travelers will be pleasantly conveyed to and from the respective stations in due time to meet the cars. KOONS & CLARK.
Bloomsburg, April 3, 1868.

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.
WILLIAM PETTIT,
Apr. 25,'69-tf Espy, Pa.

BRICK HOTEL,
ORANGEVILLE, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
ROHR M'HENRY, Proprietor.
This well known House, having been put in thorough repair, is now open to the travelling public. The bar is stocked with the choicest liquors and cigars, and the table will be at all times supplied with the delicacies of the season. No pains will be spared to insure the comfort of guests.
Orangeville, dec. 10,'69-tf.

Choice Poetry.

Our Parting Kick.

Get out, Old Year, get out, get out!
And don't keep lingering here about,
We don't care whether you've got the gout,
Or what's the matter, but just get out!
You stupid, sorrowful and old year,
You maundering, mischievous, mad old year,
O law, we're heartily glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

Your life's a chapter of griefs and woes,
You were always treading on people's toes,
Till you set great nations at brutal blows,
And gave their braves to the kites and crows.
You savage, slaughterous, sad old year,
You mocking, murderous old year,
O law, we're heartily glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

You brought the disaster at Avondale,
Twas you that made Harvard, not Oxford, fail,
And you that brought the September gale,
And the earthquakes too, and the tempests of hail,
You spiteful, slanderous, bad old year,
You mumping, miserly, mad old year,
O law, we're heartily glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

You bedevilled the railroads to kill and smash,
And in your McFarland-Richardson hash
You led poor Beecher to cut such a dash,
And let Fisk Junior gobble our cash,
You sulky, slanderous, sad old year,
You mouthing, muddling, mad old year;
O law, we're heartily glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

You gave us the floods that drowned us all out,
And lost us two millions of money about,
And you brought us that humbug from Cardiff, you lout!
For which you deserve to be tweaked in the snout,
You base, bewildering, bad old year,
You mean, maligning, mad old year,
O law, we're heartily glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

You brought us, too, you old spindle shanks,
That meanest of all your infernal pranks,
The Radical fashion of robbing the Banks—
For which take our curses instead of our thanks.
You low-lived, thieving, bad old year,
You drunken, mean and mad old year,
O law, we're all of us glad, old year,
To enjoy the kicking you out!

There's a blacker and wickeder thing than all,
You lying and plotting old Radical!
You hatched that Georgia scheme! and call
Yourself a *Unionist!* Wormwood and gall
Aren't bitter enough to tell, old year,
The depth to which you fell, old year,
Or your crimes deserving —— well, old year,
We enjoy the kicking you out!

Come in, New Year, with your hopeful smile,
To end our ditty of blare and bile,
That mean old cuss was enough to rile
An angel's temper, but you'll strike ile,
You nice, no naughtiness, neat new year,
You smiling, saucy face, sweet new year,
Your look increases the treat, my dear,
Of kicking that old skunk out!

Miscellaneous.

UNPARALLELED ADVENTURE
OF ONE
HANS PFAALL.

[CONTINUED.]

Having attained the altitude before mentioned—that is to say, three miles and three quarters—I threw out from the car a quantity of feathers, and found that I still ascended with sufficient rapidity; there was, therefore, no necessity for discharging any ballast. I was glad of this, for I wished to retain with me as much weight as I could carry, for the obvious reason that I could not be *positive* either about the gravitation or the atmospheric density of the moon. I as yet suffered no bodily inconvenience, breathing with great freedom, and feeling no pain whatever in the head. The cat was lying very demurely upon my coat, which I had taken off, and eyeing the pigeons with an air of *nonchalance*. These latter being tied by the leg, to prevent their escape, were busily employed in picking up some grains of rice scattered for them in the bottom of the car.

At twenty minutes past six o'clock, the barometer showed an elevation of 26,400 feet, or five miles to a fraction. The prospect seemed unbounded. Indeed, it is very easily calculated by means of spherical geometry, how great an extent of the earth's area I beheld. The convex surface of any segment of a sphere is, to the entire surface of the sphere itself, as the versed sine of the segment to the diameter of the sphere. Now, in my case, the versed sine—that is to say the *thickness* of the segment beneath me—was about equal to my elevation, or the elevation of the point of sight above the surface. "As five miles, then, to eight thousand," would express the proportion of the earth's area seen by me. In other words, I beheld as much as a sixteen-hundredth part of the whole surface of the globe. The sea appeared unruffled as a mirror, although, by means of the telescope, I could perceive it to be in a state of violent agitation. The ship was no longer visible, having drifted away, apparently, to the eastward. I now began to experience, at intervals, severe pain in the head, especially about the ears—still, however, breathing with tolerable freedom. The cat and pigeons seemed to suffer no inconvenience whatsoever.

At twenty minutes before seven, the balloon entered a long series of dense cloud, which put me to great trouble, by damaging my condensing apparatus, and wetting me to the skin. This was, to be sure, a singular *rencontre*, for I had not believed it possible that a cloud of this nature could be sustained at so great an elevation. I thought it best, however, to throw out two five-pound pieces of ballast, reserving still a weight of one hundred and sixty-five pounds. Upon so doing, I soon rose above the difficulty, and perceived immediately, that I had obtained a great increase in my rate of ascent. In a few seconds after my leaving the cloud, a flash of vivid lightning shot from one end of it to the other, and caused it to kindle up, throughout its vast extent, like a mass of ignited charcoal. This, it must be remembered, was in the broad light of day. No fancy may picture the sublimity which might have been exhibited by a similar phenomenon taking place amid the darkness of the night. Hell itself might then have found a fitting image. Even as it was, my hair stood on end, while I gazed afar down within the yawning abysses, letting imagination descend, and stalk about in the strange vaulted halls, and ruddy gulfs, and red ghastly chasms of the hideous and unfathomable fire. I had indeed made a narrow escape. Had the balloon remained a very short while longer within the cloud—that is to say, had not the inconvenience of getting wet, determined me to discharge the ballast—my destruction might, and probably would, have been the consequence. Such perils, although little considered, are perhaps the greatest which must be encountered in balloons. I had by this time, however, attained too great an elevation to be any longer uneasy on this head.

I was now rising rapidly, and by seven o'clock the barometer indicated an altitude of no less than nine miles and a half. I began to find great difficulty in drawing my breath. My head, too, was excessively painful; and, having felt some time a moisture about my cheeks, I at length discovered it to be blood, which was oozing quite fast from the drums of my ears. My eyes, also, gave me great uneasiness. Upon passing the hand over them they seemed to have protruded from their sockets in no inconsiderable degree; and all objects in the car, and even the balloon itself, appeared distorted to my vision. These symptoms were more than I had expected, and occasioned me some alarm. At this juncture, very imprudently, and without consideration, I threw out from the car three five-pound pieces of ballast. The accelerated rate of ascent thus obtained, carried me too rapidly, and without sufficient gradation, into a highly rarefied *stratum* of the atmosphere, and the result had nearly proved fatal to my expedition and to myself. I was suddenly seized with a spasm which lasted for more than five minutes and even when this, in a measure, ceased, I could catch my breath only at long intervals, and in a gasping manner,—bleeding all the while copiously at the nose and ears, and even slightly at the eyes. The pigeons appeared distressed in the extreme, and struggled to escape; while the cat mewed piteously, and, with her tongue hanging out of her mouth, staggered to and fro in the car as if under the influence of poison. I now too late discovered the great rashness of which I had been guilty in discharging the ballast, and my agitation was excessive. I anticipated nothing less than death, and death in a few minutes. The physical suffering I underwent contributed also to render me nearly incapable of making any exertion for the preservation of my life. I had, indeed little power of reflection left, and the violence of the pain in my head seemed to be greatly on the increase. Thus I found that my senses would shortly give way altogether, and I had already clutched one of the valve ropes with the view of attempting a descent, when the recollection of the trick I had played the three creditors, and the possible consequences to myself, should I return, operated to deter me for the moment. I lay down in the bottom of the car, and endeavored to collect my faculties. In this I so far succeeded as to determine upon the experiment of losing blood. Having no lancet, however, I was constrained to perform the operation in the best manner I was able, and finally succeeded in opening a vein in my left arm, with the blade of my penknife. The blood had hardly commenced flowing when I experienced a sensible relief, and by the time I had lost about half a moderate basin-full, most of the worst symptoms had abandoned me entirely. I nevertheless did not think it expedient to attempt getting on my feet immediately; but, having tied up my arm as well as I could, I lay still for about a quarter of an hour. At the end of this time I arose, and found myself freer from absolute *pain* of any kind than I had been during the last hour and a quarter of my ascension. The difficulty of breathing, however, was diminished in a very slight degree, and I found that it would soon be positively necessary to make use of my condenser. In the meantime looking towards the cat, who was again snugly stowed away upon my coat, I discovered, to my infinite surprise, that she had taken the opportunity of my indisposition to bring into light a litter of three little kittens. This was an addition to the number of passengers on my part altogether unexpected; but I was pleased at the occurrence. It would afford me a chance of bringing to a kind of test the truth of a surmise, which, more than anything else, had influenced me in attempting this ascension. I had imagined that the *habitual* endurance of the atmospheric pressure at the surface of the earth was the cause, or nearly so, of the pain attending animal existence at a distance above the surface. Should the kittens be found to suffer uneasiness *in an equal degree with their mother*, I must consider my theory in fault, but a failure to do so I should look upon as a strong confirmation of my idea.

By eight o'clock I had actually attained an elevation of seventeen miles above the surface of the earth. Thus it seemed to me evident that my rate of ascent was not only on the increase, but that the progression would have been apparent in a slight degree even had I not discharged the ballast which I did. The pains in my head and ears returned, at intervals, with violence, and I still continued to bleed occasionally at the nose; but, upon the whole, I suffered much less than might have been expected. I breathed, however, at every moment, with more and more difficulty and each inhalation was attended with a troublesome spasmodic action of the chest. I now unpacked the condensing apparatus, and got it ready for immediate use.

The view of the earth, at this period of my ascension, was beautiful indeed.

To the westward, the northward, and the southward, as far as I could see, lay a boundless sheet of apparently unruffled ocean, which every moment gained a deeper and deeper tint of blue. At a vast distance to the eastward, although perfectly discernible, extended the islands of Great Britain, the entire Atlantic coasts of France and Spain, with a small portion of the northern part of the continent of Africa. Of individual edifices not a trace could be discovered, and the proudest cities of mankind had utterly faded away from the face of the earth.

What mainly astonished me, in the appearance of things below, was the seeming concavity of the surface of the globe. I had, thoughtlessly enough, expected to see its real *convexity* become evident as I ascended; but a very little reflection sufficed to explain the discrepancy. A line, dropped from my position perpendicularly to the earth, would have formed the perpendicular of a right-angled triangle, of which the base would have extended from the right-angle to the horizon, and the hypothenuse from the horizon to my position. But my height was little or nothing in comparison with my prospect. In other words, the base and hypothenuse of the supposed triangle would, in my case, have been so long, when compared to the perpendicular, that the two former might have been regarded as nearly parallel. In this manner the horizon of the aeronaut appears always to be *upon a level* with the car. But as the point immediately beneath him seems, and is, at a great distance below him, it seems, of course, also at a great distance below the horizon. Hence the impression of concavity; and this impression must remain, until the elevation shall bear so great a proportion to the prospect, that the apparent parallelism of the base and hypothenuse, disappears.

The pigeons about this time seeming to undergo much suffering, I determined upon giving them their liberty. I first untied one of them, a beautiful gray-mottled pigeon, and placed him upon the rim of the wicker-work. He appeared extremely uneasy, looking anxiously around him, fluttering his wings, and making a loud cooing noise but could not be persuaded to trust himself from the car. I took him up at last, and threw him to about half-a-dozen yards from the balloon. He made, however, no attempt to descend as I had expected, but struggled with great vehemence to get back, uttering at the same time very shrill and piercing cries. He at length succeeded in regaining his former station on the rim, but had hardly done so when his head dropped upon his breast, and he fell dead within the car. The other one did not prove so unfortunate. To prevent his following the example of his companion, and accomplishing a return, I threw him downwards with all my force, and was pleased to find him continue his descent, with great velocity, making use of his wings with ease, and in a perfectly natural manner. In a very short time he was out of sight, and I have no doubt he reached home in safety. Puss, who seemed in a great measure recovered from her illness, now made a hearty meal of the dead bird, and then went to sleep with much apparent satisfaction. Her kittens were quite lively and so far evinced not the slightest sign of any uneasiness.

At a quarter-past eight, being able no longer to draw breath without the most intolerable pain, I proceeded, forthwith, to adjust around the car the apparatus belonging to the condenser. This apparatus will require some little explanation, and your Excellencies will please to bear in mind that my object, in the first place, was to surround myself and car entirely with a barricade against the highly rarefied atmosphere in which I was existing, with the intention of introducing within this barricade, by means of my condenser, a quantity of this same atmosphere sufficiently condensed for the purposes of respiration. With this object in view I had prepared a very strong, perfectly air-tight, but flexible gum-elastic bag. In this bag, which was of sufficient dimensions, the entire car was in a manner placed. That is to say, it (the bag) was drawn over the whole bottom of the car, up its sides, and so on, along the outside of the ropes, to the upper rim or hoop where the net-work is attached. Having pulled the bag up in this way, and formed a complete enclosure on all sides, and at bottom, it was now necessary to fasten up its top or mouth, by passing its material over the hoop of the net-work,—in other words, between the net-work and the hoop. But if the net-work were separated from the hoop to admit this passage, what was to sustain the car in the meantime? Now the net-work was not permanently fastened to the hoop, but attached by a series of running loops or nooses. I therefore undid only a few of these loops at one time, leaving the car, suspended by the remainder. Having thus inserted a portion of the cloth forming the upper part of the bag, I refastened the loops—not to the hoop, for that would have been impossible, since the cloth now intervened,—but to a series of large buttons, affixed to the cloth itself, about three feet below the mouth of the bag; the intervals between the buttons having been made to correspond to the intervals between the loops. This done, a few more of the loops were unfastened from the rim, a farther portion of the cloth introduced, and the disengaged loops then connected with their proper buttons. In this way it was possible to insert the whole upper part of the bag between the net-work and the hoop. It is evident that the hoop would now drop down within the car, while the whole weight of the car itself, with all its contents, would be held up merely by the strength of the buttons. This at first sight, would seem an inadequate dependence; but it was by no means so, for the buttons were not only very strong in themselves, but so close together that a very slight portion of the whole weight was supported by any one of them. Indeed, had the car and contents been three times heavier than they were, I should not have been at all uneasy. I now raised up the hoop again within the covering of gum-elastic, and propped it at nearly its former height by means of three light poles prepared for the occasion. This was done, of course, to keep the bag distended at the top, and to preserve the lower part of the net-work in its proper situation. All that now remained was to fasten up the mouth of the enclosure; and this was readily accomplished by gathering the folds of the material together, and twisting them up very tightly on the inside by means of a kind of stationary *tourniquet*.

A Massachusetts Man in a Quicksand at the Bottom of a Well—An Extraordinary Affair—The Effort to Release Him.

A singular accident and one that caued the greatest excitement in the quiet town of Winchester, occurred on Monday. A man named Wing has been employed a few days past in repairing or rebuilding a well upon the premises of Mr. Cameron. Monday he was at work about thirty feet below the surface, at the bottom of the well, laying brick, with which the well was to be built. He is a man weighing over 200 pounds, of large frame. He was standing in the water and sand at the bottom and, insensibly to himself, gradually sank until he discovered that his feet and legs, nearly to the knees were embedded in a quicksand. He made repeated attempts to move, but found that he was stuck fast. Those at work at the mouth of the well were informed of the fact, and the rope was fastened about him and an attempt made to pull him out by the aid of the windlass at the top. They were unable to move him at all, and the pain to him was so acute that they were compelled to desist. Ropes were then arranged so that he should not sink any deeper, and attempts were made to dig him out. The well being small and Mr. Wing very large, no one could get inside the brick work to assist him, and he has been compelled to do all the digging himself with pails or cups, passing them as he filled them to some one above. The sand constantly filled in as he dug it out, and in this condition he remained all the night. Refreshments and stimulants were sent down to him, and he was alive and in as good spirits next morning as a man could be expected to be under such circumstances. A colored man worked in the well eight hours Monday night, assisting the unfortunate man to extricate himself. At about 3 o'clock the fire bells of the town were rung, and in that way a relief was obtained for the men who had been at work and on watch at the well during the night.

With daylight the men renewed their efforts with vigor, occasionally pausing to speak an encouraging word to the poor victim. The first train to Boston bore a gentleman in quest of some professional miners, who might possibly suggest some quick method of release. On their arrival at the scene of operation these gentlemen immediately ordered some piles to be driven about him, in order that the adhesive and contracting properties of the sediment might meet with some resistance. This was partly accomplished, when it was found that one leg of Mr. Wing was getting loose, and after some boring with long augurs, and a constant pulling upward of the entire body by means of the windlass above, the limb was cleared, amid much cheering from the crowd who surrounded the well at the imminent risk not only of meeting a fate similar to that of the man whom they were endeavoring to rescue, but also of breaking their necks. This was

The Columbian
—AND—
Bloomsburg Democrat.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1870.

☞ THE COLUMBIAN has the Largest Circulation of any paper published in Northern Pennsylvania, and is also a much larger sheet than any of its cotemporaries; and is therefore the best medium for advertising in this section of the State.

The Poor House Question.

WE desire to call general attention to the statement of the Directors in another column. Although it embraces a period of only nine months it is an exceedingly gratifying exhibit to the taxpayers, and will commend itself to such townships as have not adopted the system.

The value of the Farm, Buildings, Stock, etc., is $20,218,72. The debts are $14,481,90 showing a net result in favor of the District of $5,726,82. Heretofore the entire amount of tax was not sufficient to maintain the poor; but now not only is that done, but a large share of the farm paid.

The expenses for the support of our poor have not been over $1600, while the products of the farm amount to $1889,10.

Heretofore the average number of paupers was about 50; now it is 43 8.

It must be remembered also that the system did not go into operation until May when an important part of the year had gone by, and that the Directors and steward had to encounter many difficulties incident to new enterprise of such a character. The Steward had a family of eight children, while the present one has only one child, and both himself and wife, have much experience in such matters. The Directors have also adopted some new regulations, which cannot fail to be of benefit. We confidently expect in a year the profits of the farm will obviate the the necessity of a poor tax.

State Temperance Convention.

A STATE Temperance Convention will assemble at Harrisburg on the 8th of February at 11 o'clock A. M. Full delegations are expected to be present from different organizations. State Temperance organizations are to be represented by delegates not exceeding five in number each; County Temperance organizations, by not more than three delegates each; Temperance Societies, Divisions of S. of T., Templars of H. and T. and Lodges of Good Templars, Churches, wards of cities and boroughs, and townships, by one delegate each. Credentials will be required from those desiring to take part in the proceedings. Preparations are being made to insure that this convention shall be a formidable demonstration of the friends of total abstinence.

A LATE dispatch from France says:—M. Emile Ollivier, the chief of the newly formed Ministry, on the occasion of his formal installation as Minister of Justice said that he should always in the duties of his office, seek to maintain the dignity and supremacy of law, and made it a principal object to impress on the judges present, that the first and chief object in the execution of their duties was to keep separate matters of politics from all matters of justice, so that their decisions might never have even the appearance of being dictated or inspired by the government of the State.

What a contrast in this respect does "despotic France" present to "free America." *There*, Justice bears sway, and the laws are religiously enforced. *Here*, our Judges are appointed because of political services, and for the purpose of making partisan decisions; while Constitution and laws are daily violated by thoes whose sworn duty it is to enforce them. In a word Imperial France deals more justly by her citizens than Republican America.

THERE is trouble in Mississippi. Alcorn, though chosen Governor by the Radicals, has a will of his own. He is a native of Mississippi and seems to have some self respect. He has refused to be sworn in by General Ames as a mere provisional Governor, claiming that he was elected Governor by the people of his State, and that he is entitled to the executive chair by reason of that election. Thus do the Radicals meet with checks in their reconstruction schemes at every turn.

THE *Public Ledger Almanac* for 1870 has just reached us and is an eminently creditable little volume. It is hand somely bound and printed, and contains a variety of useful information. Its statistics relating to the early government of the city of Philadelphia are especially valuable and such as we have never seen in as convenient shape for reference. Eighty thousand copies of this Almanac have been printed for gratuitous distribution among the subscribers to the Ledger, at a cost of over $5000. Mr. Childs has reason to congratulate himself on the success of his new enterprise. The work will hereafter be published yearly.

"Hon. U. Mercur spent the recent vacation of Congress at his home in Towanda."
This wonderful event is recorded in the Tunkhannock *Republican*. If Mercur can't make a sensation in Congress hecan at least in Tunckhannock. It reminds us of an enthusiastic Bradfordian who asked an eastern Radical Congressman what he thought of Mercur. "Inasmuch as we seldom see him, and never hear from him, I can't give you much of an opinion, but I believe there is such a man in Congress, from one of the wild districts of Pennsylvania" was the reply.

WE have received a most capital little work entitled "The Talisman of Business Success" by W. H. Bixler of the *Easton Daily Express*. The book is full of plain common sense advice to business men and most worthy of attention. We propose to give extracts from time to time for the benefit of our mercantile friends and others.

FOR a fine collection of non-original matter, see the *Republican* of this week. There are no locals unless the Dr. *miscalls* the flat platitudes in the first column of the third page by that name.

Internal Revenue Items.

Persons engaged in the manufacture of wines from grapes, berries, or fruit, *not of their own growth*, should pay special tax as manufacturers, and as liquor dealers, when selling the same, whether their sales are made at the place of manufacture, or otherwise.

Postage stamps cannot be used in payment of the duty chargeable on instruments.

The law does not designate which of the parties to an instrument shall furnish the necessary stamps, nor does the Commissioner of Internal Revenue assume to determine that it shall be supplied by one party rather than another, but if an instrument subject to stamp duty is issued without having the necessary stamps affixed thereto, it cannot be recorded or admitted, or used as evidence in any Court, until a legal stamp or stamps denoting the amount of tax, shall have been affixed as prescribed by law, and the person who thus issues it is liable to a penalty, if he omits the stamps with an intent to evade the provisions of the Internal Revenue act.

No stamp is necessary upon an instrument executed prior to October 1, 1862, to make it admissible in evidence, or to entitle it to record.

Certificates of loan in which there shall appear any written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid on demand, or at a time designated, are subject to stamp duty as "promissory notes."

A check, draft *or order*, for the payment of a sum of money *drawn otherwise than at sight*, or on demand, is liable to stamp tax at the rate of five cents for each one hundred dollars, or fractional parts thereof.

Every memorandum, check, receipt, or other written or printed evidence of an amount of money to be paid upon demand, or a time designated, is subject to stamp tax at the same rate as a promissory note.

There is no stamp tax on a promissory note until it is issued. A stamp is to be cancelled *when* it is "attached or *used*," and although a stamp may be affixed when a note is signed, it cannot be said to be *used* until the note is issued.

A negotiable promissory note made, signed and issued in a foreign country, and made payable there, may be negotiated by endorsement in this country without liability to any United States stamp tax.

The acceptor or acceptors of any bill of exchange, or order for the payment of any sum of money, drawn in any foreign country, but payable in the United States, must before paying or accepting the same, place thereon a stamp indicating the duty.

When a conveyance of realty is made upon an actual valuable consideration which is *manifested and intentionally* inadequate, the deed should be stamped according to the amount of valuable consideration, and a succession tax (unless the successor, be the wife of the predecessor) should be assessed upon the value of the land conveyed, less such consideration.

When a receipt for an *installment* of rent is written upon the part of a lease held by the tenand, and issued by him a two cent stamp should be affixed to it, if the amount exceeds $20.

Letter From Josh Billings.

NEW YORK
January 7th, 1870.

Bettie my Dear Gazelle:

The time for me to fill my engagement with you, at Bloomsburg iz fast hurrying on, and I intend to fill it if I don't spring a leak. Sickness iz one ov them kind ov leaks you kant avoid, nor kan't stop. You will see me at Bloomsburg on the night of Jan. 28th, without the aid of a spyglass, if I doant get to leaking. The title ov my lektur iz "Milk," the lektur iz easy to take, and easy to digest. I warrant this lektur for 90 days, without enny extra charge, I reserve the privilege ov watering the lektur from time to time, if it shows signs ov getting dry. Next year I think some ov dropping the lekturing bizzness, and going into the Life & Fire Insurance Speculation. The only doubt I have about the new bizzness, would be the risk ov insuring some folks, I know ov, against loss by fire. There iz a grate menny folks whom no amount ov premium will save from burning.

In advertising me, doant fail to mention my grate personal beauty, my moral capacity, and the undieing hatred I have for Gin and Sugar. You may also say I adore women, and kant help it. My wife travels with me, to see that the hack drivers doant cheat me. She iz a lovely woman ov some 25 summers. My lektur iz a comick lektur, and perhaps it would be well enough for you to stait, when you are in conversation, that there iz this length ov difference between a *comic* lektur and a *scientifick* one, the audience have got to understand the comic lektur, to enjoy it, but tha kan enjoy the scientifick one, without understanding it.

If you should make enny engagements for me at the Hotel, doant fail to impress upon the mind ov the Landlord that I furnish my own tooth brushes, and shant want enny common yaller bar soap, and am used to wet towels, and although I am 6 foot 3 inches in depth, I kan sleep in a 5 foot bedstead, provided the mattress iz az thin az a buckwheat slapjack, so I kan feel all the springs, and the footboard iz taken off, giving my legs a chance to stick out into the room.

Pardon me for mentioning these trivial remarks, but I find az I grow older in life, I know altogether too much, for my own convenience. In conclusion dear Bettie keep a stiff upper lip, and if you ware a paper kollar, have it washed often. Remember me most fervently to the people ov Bloomsburg, but insist upon it Bettie, that thare iz to be no firing ov cannons uppon my arrival, nor no delegations ov young ladys are to meet me at the depot, and sing psalms. I am a hater of ov all fuss, and am az easy to wait on, and keep in runing order, az a mountain spring.

Farewell,
JOSH BILLINGS.

Communication.

CATAWISSA, PA.
Jan., 5th, 1870

MR. EDITOR:—I observed a very good and brief method of computing simple interest at 6 per cent a few days since in your paper. I herewith in conclusion give another for the benefit of your readers, which I sas follows: "Reduce the number of years to months, add in the number of months, plus one-third the number of days, multiply by half the principal."

A pupil of the Public
School of Catawissa, Pa.

THE KALEIDOSCOPE

—A map of busy life,
—Its fluctuations and its vast concerns."

NO. CIV.

THE WEDDING RING.

In the fall of 18— I with two or three others was invited to be present at a post mortem examination, where cancer had been the fatal disease. On reaching the house, we found the rest in waiting, and after the usual introductory ceremonies we repaired to the chamber of the dead. Although I had passed through the ordinary experiences of dissections whilst a student, and had witnessed examinations post mortem several times, still the presence of the clay-cold form of humanity retained its chastening subduing influence on my feelings. Silently reverently, for 'twas a woman's frame, and we were all women, the covering was turned down from the face, it was pale and thin, its lines of suffering deeply traced, its meek womanly look touching to behold. The frosts of near sixty winters had passed over her, streaking her locks with silver. Her physician spoke of her patience and gentleness during the lengthened dying of two tardy years, of her thankfulness, that one of her own sex could be her physician, sympathizing with and soothing the o'erwearied spirit, whilst ministering to the wasting body and palliating the tortures of disease, of her wish that as women could make a post mortem, they should do so, for the benefit of others of her sex. And how at the last visit when the spirit was about departing, being in great anguish she had wrung the hand of her physician and looked unutterable gratitude. With my mind interested and softened by the recital I looked on as the preparations proceeded. There were the white attenuated hands crossed on the still breast, and on the third finger of the left one was a gold ring worn almost through. Her physician resumed "that was her wedding ring, and she has been a widow these many years."

The abdomen was opened; the pelvic viscera exposed were found to be one mass of disease. "How could the poor thing live so long," was pityingly exclaimed, "how wonderful the tenacity of life!" A large stone was found in the gall bladder, the liver was bestudded with whitish and brain-like bodies, and the stomach and intestines showed unmistakable ev idences of functional disturbance. But amid all these explorations of such fearful import to womankind, although medicine as a science possessed for me great attraction, was to me a subject of deepest interest, still my thoughts turned to the history of that little circle of gold, whose long clasp was not to be broken even in death. Had it been placed there while the current of youth and health bounded in the veins, the bloom and blush of maiden modesty tinged her check, and the light of love and joy beamed in her eye, placed there by a strong but gentle hand, the pledge of his manly affection the earnest of that *beautiful oneness* of which it is the fitting emblem? Had it been hallowed by the pressure of his lip, then put on with his sacred charge, and her faithful promise that it should never be removed? Had it been to her in days of her weary widowhood a sweet souvenir of a strong and changeless love, that was ever watchful for her weal, ever solicitous to anticipate her wishes, ever yearning to shelter her from the rude winds of adversity? How many tender recolections had it awakened, how was it linked with her past happiness, how blended with her existing sorrows, how identified with every memory of him whose buried love was dearer than any heart of living mould?

The examination was completed, as far as possible all traces of it effaced, the body readjusted, the hands softly crossed over the quiet heart, and they and their golden circlet forever hidden from my eyes. I had seen how extensive and terrible might be the ravages of disease and yet life linger, had learned how awful the agony to which woman is the only possible heir, but alas, I had not learned anything as to the cause, prevention, nor cure of the frightful malady. Such is the humbling limitation of this benevolent science, such the baffling boundary of humad ken. I went from the presence of the dead a sadder, and a kinder, if not a wiser woman. Oft yet, when fatigued with the duties of the day I sit lonely in my silent chamber, that subduing memory comes up, and I see again that pale patient face, and those folded hands, and that well worn time-abraded marriage ring.

News Items.

—The new 50 cent fractional currency has been counterfeited already.

—Europe spends $1,400,000,000 in gold annually on standing armies.

—A lady in Minnesota recently killed seventeen ducks at one shot.

—1,500,000 shoes are manufactured annually, in Farmington, N. H.

—Erie has a one-armed gunnist, who is champion shooter of the county.

—There are 3,000 men employed in quarrying white marble in Vermont.

—An English woman has willed $10,000 to Jefferson Davis.

—The Sulton has sent the Pope a $5,000 gold ring.

—There are 454,355 Free Masons in the United States.

—Fremont is paying $30,000 a year as board bill in Washington.

—Brigham Young's missionaries have made one hundred converts in Georgia.

—Spinner's autograph is said to look like a Chinese prescription for chills.

—A family in Buffalo, N. Y., live on rats, and like 'em.

—North Carolina thinks it can raise as good tea as China.

—1,084,000 codfish have been caught in the Pacific, this season.

—A citizen of Monroe county, Ky., is the father of thirty-three sons.

—An elephant was sold in St. Louis, lately, at auction, for $1,300.

—Paris is to have in January a dry-goods store with 1200 salesmen.

—It is said that George Peabody has left an estate of $1,000,000, to be distributed among twenty-nine persons.

—Kentucky rejoices in the possession of Martin Bates, an "infant," who is seven feet three inches high, 22 years old, and weighs 478 pounds.

—In the late freshet the postmaster at Norway, Me., lashed the post office to a large elm, but the flood came and broke the rope, and landed his office in the town of Hanover.

—Mr. S. S. Alderman, of Marianna, Florida, has raised this season 135,000 oranges, which were disposed of at an average of three cents each. The orange crop of Florida is profitable.

Life Insurance.

LIKE protection against loss from fire, life insurance, or some of the several plans suggested, is justly becoming exceedingly popular. In fact few business men who have a proper appreciation of life and even a common regard for the welfare of their families can risk the comfort of their wives and little ones to the uncertainty of life, or equally uncertain freaks of fortune. The day has come when men do not ask, "Shall we insure?" but upon what plan, and with what Company, shall such assurance be affected? Where is the most security with the least premium? The great difficulty with insurance generally is that it costs vastly more than it is actually worth. We are humbugged into a concern called "mutual," and, as the American mind is tickled with the idea of participation in the control and profits, this plan is the most popular and the officers of the company, who have little interest in its success other than a continuation of their emoluments reap the bulk of the benefits in the shape of enormous salaries and handsome buildings. Upon a good plan, protected by some law, either National or State, we believe the stock insurance is the safest the best and the cheapest. We have just started in our midst an organization which has for its object the provision of the family after the death of one of its members. After a careful examination of its method of business and a knowledge of its workings in other communities, we must say, th t for a small insurance of five thousand dollars it presents the best and cheapest method extant. The plan is to form, what is called a co operative relief association to be composed of one thousand members. Each one pays a membership fee of five dollars, and one dollar each year annually thereafter. The money thus raised to be appropriated towards the payment of incidental expenses and Secretary's salary. None of the officers besides the Secretary, to be salaried. Then upon the death of any member of the association, each surviving member pays into the treasury five dollars which is handed over to the heirs of the party whose life is insured. This brings the insurance of $5000, down to its actual value and retains at home premiums which we now send abroad to enrich other communities. Only one thousand members will be required to fill the company and we advise every man to secure while he has the opportunity, this privilege of making his future a financial certainty. Memberships can be secured by addressing M. C. M'Collum, Secretary of the Association, at Espy, Pa.—*Republican.*

Bloomsburg Market Report.

Wheat per bushel	$1.25
Rye "	1 00
Corn "	90
Oats "	45
Flour per barrel	8 00
Cloverseed	8 00
Flaxseed	2 05
Butter	45
Eggs	40
Tallow	10
Potatoes	50
Dried Apples	2 50
Hams	25
Sides and Shoulders	20
Lard per pound	20
Hay per ton	18 00
IRON—	
No. 1 Scotch pig	$42
No. 2 " "	30
Bloom	$39

LUMBER.

Hemlock Boards per thousand feet	$16 00
Pine " " (one inch)	18 00
Joist, Scantling, Plank, (Hemlock)	15 00
Shingles, No. 1 per thousand	3 00
" " 2 " "	2 00
Siding " " ft.	18 00

Philadelphia Markets.

FLOUR—	
Northwestern superfine at	$5.25@ 5.50
Northwestern extra	6.00@ 6.25
Northwestern family	6.50@ 6.75
Pennsylvania and Western superfine	5.00@5.50
Pennsylvania and Western extra	6.75@6.87
Pennsylvania and Western family	8.50@11.00
Pennsylvania and Western fancy	11.50@13.25
Rye flour	$6.25
WHEAT—Pennsylvania red, ₱ bus	$1.67@1.70
Southern " "	$2.00@2.05
California " "	$2.30
" white "	$1.15@$3.10
RYE—Pennsylvania rye, ₱ bus	$1.40@$1.45
CORN—Yellow, "	$1.20
White, "	$1.17@$1.17
OATS—Plus "	62@65c
PROVISIONS—Mess Pork, ₱ bbl	$21.50
Mess Beef, "	$21.50
Dressed Hogs, ₱ ₱	8½@9c
Smoked Hams "	17@19c
Shoulders ₱ ₱	13c
Lard, ₱ ₱	17c@20.00
SEEDS—Cloverseed ₱ bus	9@9.50
Timothyseed ₱ bus	$4.37
Flaxseed "	$1.85
CATTLE—Beef Cattle ₱ ₱	9c@11½
Cows, ₱ head	$75@$80
SHEEP—₱ ₱	6@6c
HOGS—₱ 100 ₱	$14@$14.87

MARRIAGES.

HUFF—TUTTLE—At the residence of the bride's father, Mr. Moses Tuttle, Jan. 2d, 1869, by Rev. Abraham Huff, of Town Hill, and Mrs. Ada Tuttle, of Wilkes-Barre.

BEACHAM—SNYDER—On Jan. 11th, 1870, at the American House, Bloomsburg, by Rev. F. J. Moor, Mr. John Beacham, to Miss Sallie A. Snyder, both of Northumberland county, Pa.

MOORHEAD—GARNEY—At Berwick, Jan. 12, by Rev. G. D. Rhodes, Mr. John M. Moorhead, and Miss Lid M. Garney all of Berwick.

WINNER—SHAFFER—On the 6th inst., at the M. E. Parsonage, Bloomsburg, by Rev. J. A. Mellick, Mr. Peter B. Winner, of Centerville, and Elizabeth Shaffer, of Briarcreek, Col. co.

FAHRINGER—HILNER—On the 6th inst., at the house of the bride's brother, by Rev. H. S. Mendenhall, Mr. Alonzo Fahringer, of Catawissa, to Miss Mary E. Hilner, of Franklin township.

HILEMAN—HESS—At the M. E. Parsonage in Orangeville, Jan. 13, by Rev. J. Fearon Brown, Mr. Wm. Hileman, of Jackson, and Miss M. Eveline Hess of Benton.

HILEMAN—HESS—At the same time and place, by the same, Mr. Henry H. Hileman, of Jackson, and Miss M. Elvira Hess, of Sugarloaf Columbia county, Pa.

MILLER—ECKRODE—On the 23d ult. by Rev. G. Sill, Mr. Wm. H. Miller, of Watsontown, to Miss Sallie D. Eckrode, of Paradise.

LYNN—CHRISTOPHER—On Jan. 4th, by W. D. Weidenhamer, Esq., Mr. Henry F. Lynn, of Liberty twp., Montour co., to Miss Magdalena Christopher, of Turbotville, Northumberland county.

SHUT—SECHLER—On the 6th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. W. H. Davis, Mr. Stephen O. Shut, to Miss Margaret S. Sechler, both of Danville.

SHERMAN—MILLER—On the 13th inst by the Rev. Wm. Eyer, Mr. Silas Sherman to Miss Amanda C. Miller, both of Main township.

MINER—PRICE—At the M. E. Parsonage, Elysburg, Jan. 6th, by the Rev. Henry S. Mendenhall, Theodore Miner to E. Catharine Price, both of Locust twp.

SHOEMAKER—HESS—On the 18th of November 1869, by Rev. E. Fullmer, Mr. Martin F. Shoemaker of Rohrsburg to Miss Serena S. Hess of Sugarloaf township, Col. co.

STOUF—HESS—At his residence on the 23d of Dec. 1869, by the same, Mr. John Stout to Miss Harriet C. Hess, of Sugarloaf, Col. co.

ROBERTS—BROWN—On the 8th of Jan. by the same Mr. Lemuel W. Roberts, of Benton to Miss Hester S. Brown, of Lycoming co.

MORE—WILKINSON—At Evansville, on the 19th inst. by Rev. P. H. Rishel, Thomas More of Salem, Luzerne co., to Miss Eliza Jane Wilkinson of Briarcreek Col. co.

DEATHS.

PULLIN—In Light Street, Jan. 13th, James, son of Wm. and Emma Pullin. Aged 6 months.

RITCHIE—On the 15th of December, Joseph B. Ritchie. Aged 4 years, 3 months and 15 days.

HENRY—In Greenwood, on Jan. 6th, 1870, Mrs. Veronica Henry. Aged sixty-four years, and twenty days.

MOSER—In Derry twp., Montour county, on Friday Dec. 20th, 1869, Samuel Moser, aged 60 years, 6 months and 10 days.

VASTINE—Miles Elridge, son of T. J. and Susan Vastine, died Dec. 12th, 1869, aged 5 years, 6 months and 5 days.

VASTINE—Wm. Palmer, son of T. J. and Susan Vastine, died Dec. 22, 1869, aged 2 years, 5 mos, and 1 day.

STERNER—In Bloomsburg on Jan 12th, 1870, David, son of Daniel and Sarah Ster er. Aged 4 ? ears, 8 months and 5 days.

HARTMAN—At Bloomsburg, on Friday, January 7th, 1870, of scarlet fever, Ida, twin daughter of I. W. and Mary M. Hartman, aged 11 years and 2 months.

KOLB—At the residence of her uncle, Wm. N. Brown, near Mifflinville, on the 5th inst., of consumption, Maud Kolb, aged 15 years.

ALLISON—At Hazleton, Pa., Jan. 5th, of old age, Isaac Allison, aged 88 years.

STEVENS—In Locust twp., on the 10th inst., of scarlet fever, infant child of Daniel Stevens.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF PETER PIFER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Peter Pifer, late of Centre township, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to D. E. Hayman, of Centre township. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

D. E. HAYMAN,
Jan21'70-6t. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF JOHN DYER, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of John Dyer, of Conyngham twp, Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county, to Wm. Goodman of Conyngham twp. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment.

WM. GOODMAN,
Jan. 21,'70-6w. Administrator.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE
ESTATE OF MARY JOHN, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Mary John late of Maine township, Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Sarah Brown and S. H. Miller of Bloom township, Columbia county. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned administrators without delay.

SARAH BROWN,
S. H. MILLER,
Jan. 21,'70-6t. Administrators.

NOTICE!

The rates of taxes upon unseated land and all seated land tax upon which property sufficient to pay the said taxes cannot be found, must be returned by the township officers and collectors, to the Commissioners' office, by the First of February next. And further, all persons desirous of saving the cost of advertising their land, can do so by paying the said tax due on the Treasurer's book, to the County Treasurer, during the two weeks of Feoruary Court.

By order of
DAVID YEAGER
WM. G. QUICK
CYRUS ROBBINS, } Comm'rs.
Attest:
Bloomsburg, Jan. 19,'70. WM. KRICKBAUM, Clerk.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine.
Jan.21'70.

LORILLARD'S "EUREKA" Smoking Tobacco | is an excellent article of granulated Virginia; wherever introduced it is universally admired.

It is put up in handsome muslin bags, in which orders for Meerschaum Pipes are daily packed.

LORILLARD'S YACHT CLUB Smoking Tobacco | classed by all who consume it as the "finest of all;" it is made of the choicest leaf grown; it is anti-nervous in its effect, as the Nicotine has been extracted; it leaves no disagreeable taste after smoking it is very mild, light in color and weighs but one pound when packed in a box of ordinary tobacco. In this brand we also pack orders every day for first quality Meerschaum Pipes. Try it and convince yourselves it is all it claims to be, "THE FINEST OF ALL."

LORILLARD'S CENTURY Chewing Tobacco. | This brand of Fine Cut chewing tobacco has no equal or superior anywhere. It is without doubt the best chewing tobacco in the country.

LORILLARD'S SNUFFS | have now been in general use in the United States over 110 years, and still acknowledged "the best" wherever used.

If your storekeeper does not have these articles for sale, ask him to get them; they are sold by respectable jobbers almost everywhere.

Circular of prices forwarded on application.

P. LORILLARD & CO.,
jan.21'70. New York.

NOTICE.—SPECIFIC PERFORMANCE.
ESTATE OF JEREMIAH KLINE, DEC'D.
COLUMBIA COUNTY, SS:

SEAL. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to Wellington H. Ent, administrator of Jeremiah Kline, deceased, Hiram H. Kline, Elvira Kline, William Albertson, Henry Stiner, Hannah Stiner, Lowry Kline, A. J. Kline, Jackson M'Henry, and L. Clark Albertson, *Greeting:*

You and each of you are hereby cited and commanded to be and appear in your proper person, at an Orphans' Court to be holden at Bloomsburg in and for said county, on the first Monday of February, next, then and there to answer the petition of A. J. Kline, setting forth that the said Jeremiah Kline, of Jackson township, in said county, deceased, died seized of certain real estate in Jackson township, in said county, and agreed with your petitioner by article of agreement in writing, to sell and convey the same to the said A. J. Kline, his heirs and assigns. And to show cause why the said Court shall not decree the specific performance of the said contract according to the true intent and meaning thereof, and that a conveyance be made under said decree to A. J. Kline, of the said premises in fee simple. MORDECAI MILLARD,
Bloomsburg, Jan. 11, 1870. Sheriff.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

Of the Poor District of Bloom township to January 3rd 1870.

M. C. Woodward acting Treasurer, in account with the Directors of the Poor of Bloom twp.

DR.

To total amount of cash received from duplicates, 1869 ..... $5,719 76

CR.

By amount of orders redeemed $5,719 76

January 3rd, 1870.—On examination of account of M. C. Woodward, acting Treasurer of the Directors of the Poor of Bloom twp. District, we find he has redeemed orders to amount of money received.

JOHN A. FUNSTON
JACOB SCHUYLER
B. F. HARTMAN } Directors of Poor House.

DIRECTORS OF THE POOR IN ACCOUNT WITH BLOOM TWP. DISTRICT, 1870.

DR.

To am't of duplicate for year 1869	$8,048 68
To Balance due Directors	49 05
	$8,097 73

CR.

By am't paid M. C. Woodward Treasurer Salary	10 00
By Errors in assessment and reductions from taxes levied on money at interest	696 30
By exoneration on duplicate for 1869	12 60
By commission on $5,719.76 at 4 per ct.	288 79
By am't paid Auditors	6 00
By am't paid Directors, salary	100 00
By am't paid Clerk, salary	50 00
By am't paid Collector, 2 years, salary	202 50
By am't paid *Columbian* printing	39 40
By am't paid *Republican* printing	54 20
By am't paid for Brick House, well, lumber, stamps, &c.	3,626 95
By am't paid outside relief to Jno. Allen for keeping Alex. Fife before buildings were finished	60 00
By am't paid outside relief to Mrs. Bechtel	20 58
By am't paid outside relief to H. Long and family	7 35
By am't paid annual ex.pense D. Evans	20 00
By am't paid Lunatic Asylum for M. Meredith	29 90
By am't paid Penna. Training school for feeble minded persons, Reedy Jackson	106 62
By am't pd. insurance on new building	26 50
By am't paid Taxes on Farm	39 41
By am't paid D. J. Waller for grain in ground	30 00
By am't paid gardening and care of yard	227 00
By amount paid miscellaneous expenses incurred in and out of Poor House for support of paupers, work on farm, farming utensils, mechanics' bills, merchants' bills, improvements, live stock, &c., &c.	2,356 80
	$8,097 73

Examined and certified,

J. K. GROTZ,
M. P. EYERLY,
E. R. DRINKER.
Auditors.

REAL ESTATE WITH RECENT IMPROVEMENTS.

Farm valued at	12,537 50
New brick house, well &c.	3,594 00
Repairs to buildings a farm utensils	85 20
Household furniture	174 79
Farm utensils	100 00
Horses and cattle	700 00
Hay, grain and fodder	1,126 00
Potatoes, beans, seeds and cabbage	150 00
75 acres of wheat in the ground	300 00
Pork	176 00
Balance on duplicate of 1869	1,381 23
	$20,218 72

DEBTS AND LIABILITIES

To balance on farm	$12,500 00
To interest on same 9 mos	562 5
To orders outstanding	1,429 40
To balance in favor of district	5,730 82
	$20,218 72

PRODUCTS OF FARM, 1869.

17 tons of hay @ $16	272 00
200 bus. wheat @ $1.20	300 00
500 bus. oats @ 45 cts	225 00
1000 bus. corn ears @ 45 cts	450 00
5 bus. buckwheat @ 90 cts	8 00
300 bus. potatoes @ 50 cts	150 00
1000 bundles corn fodder	120 00
500 heads cabbage at 6 cts	30 00
Vegetables in garden	50 00
Butter, eggs and poultry	200 00
Live stock raised	50 00
	$2,830 00

No. of paupers admitted in Poor House	10
Number left Poor House	5
Number that died, David Evans	1
Number now in Poor House, adults	4
2 girls	2
Average number	6½

JOHN A. FUNSTON,
JACOB SCHUYLER,
B. F. HARTMAN,
Directors of Poor House.

Jan. 11,'70-4t.

WANTED.—100 FARMERS' SONS and others out of employment, can make from $75 to $150 per month, from now till next Spring, by addressing BARCLAY & CO.,
819 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
NOS. 26,'69-3m.

COLUMBIA COUNTY
CO-OPERATIVE
RELIEF ASSOCIATION,
OF
ESPY, PA.

OFFICERS:

GILBERT H. FOWLER, ... President.
DANIEL SNYDER, ... Vice President
CHARLES S. FOWLER, ... Treasurer.
M. C. McCOLLUM, ... Secretary.
SAMUEL KNORR, ... Attorney.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS:

W. H. BRADLEY, M. D. W. A. CASE, M. D.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

WM. H. WOODIN, ABRAM SNYDER,
H. A. KLINE, T. W. EDGAR,
H. G. CREVELING.

GENERAL AGENT:

M. C. McCOLLUM, ... Espy, Pa.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.—NAME.

The name, style, and title of the Association shall be the Columbia County Co-operative Relief Association,

ARTICLE II.—OBJECT.

The object of the Association shall be, the relief of Fathers, Mothers, Widows and Orphans of deceased members.

ARTICLE III.—MEMBERSHIP.

Sec. 1. The requisite qualifications for membership are, that the applicant shall be in good health, sane, and sound.

Sec. 2. All applications for membership shall be made in writing or in person, the applicant setting forth his name, age, occupation, residence, and post office address. The application must in either instance produce a medical certificate, certifying that he is a fit person to become a member.

ARTICLE IV.—MANAGEMENT.

The business of the Association shall be conducted by five Trustees who shall be annually elected at the regular stated meeting of the Association in October of each year.

ARTICLE V.—OFFICERS.

At the first meeting of the Trustees in each year, they shall elect a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer to serve the ensuing year.

ARTICLE VI.—FUND.

In order to secure stability to the Association, there shall be raised a permanent fund, the interest only being used for the payment of current expenses; 2d to the mothers, widows, or heirs of deceased members. The raising of the said fund to be provided for in the By-Laws.

ARTICLE VII.

All motions to amend the Constitution shall be made in writing, and by the consent of three-fifths of the members present. If the amendment is approved at a subsequent meeting by four-fifths of the Trustees, application shall be made to the Court to have said amendment allowed.

BY-LAWS.

TRUSTEES.

1st. The property and business of this Association shall be controlled by five Trustees, who shall be elected by ballot at the annual meeting of the Association to be held on the first Monday of October, in each year.

2d. For the purpose of such election the Trustees for the time being, shall determine the place and hours for opening and closing the polls, and advertise the same for ten days prior thereto, and the Secretary shall also notify each Trustee in writing of such election.

3d. The Trustees shall hold stated meetings at the office of the Association, in the Town of Espy, on the third Monday of January, April, July and October. Special meetings may be called by the President at his discretion or by any three of the Trustees.

4th. Three Trustees shall constitute a quorum to transact business.

OFFICERS.

5th. The officers, of this Association, shall be a President, a Vice President, Secretary and a Treasurer, and such other officers, clerks and agents, as may be necessary. The President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer shall be elected by the Trustees and hold office for one year.

DUTIES OF OFFICERS.

6th. The President, shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Trustees, and shall have the chief supervision and control of the business of the Association. All contracts on behalf of the Association shall be made by him or under his authority. He shall see that proper records of all the proceedings and transactions of the Association are kept. He shall appoint all employees and may remove them at pleasure.

He shall see that a deposit of all moneys shall be made from time to time in such Bank or Banks, as the Trustees may direct. He shall annually prepare and submit to the Association at their annual meeting in October, an account of the business of the Association for the preceding year, and a statement of the assets and liabilities of the Association. All vacancies in the Board of Trustees, shall be filled by appointment by the President.

The Vice President shall in the absence or disability of the President act in his place.

SECRETARY.

7th. The Secretary shall keep the accounts of the Association, and a record of all persons employed. He shall keep the minutes of the Board of Trustees; notify the Trustees of all Meetings, communicate to officers, Agents, Committees, and members all orders affecting them in the discharge of their duties, and perform such other duties and services as may be required; under the direction of the President.

THE TREASURER.

8th. The Treasurer shall receive all money's of the Association and deposit the same in such Bank or Banks, designated by the Board of Trustees. After paying the current expenses the balance shall be securely invested as the Board of Trustees may direct. He shall make all investments pursuant to instructions of the Board of Trustees.

It shall further be the duty of the Treasurer to take charge of all properties of the Association, and to collect all dividends, interest, rentals, &c., and pay accruing taxes on such investment, and place the same to the credit of the Association. He shall also give such Bonds as the Trustees may from time to time require.

9th. All powers and duties, not herein delegated to particular officers, shall be exercised and discharged by the President during the recess of the Board of Trustees.

10th. All persons between the ages of twenty and fifty years, inclusive, may be admitted by making proper application according to the following form:

Columbia County Co-operative Relief Association, Espy, Pa.

The

The Columbian.

Bloomsburg, Friday, Jan. 21, 1870.

JOHN W. GEARY was duly inaugurated Governor for his second term on Tuesday last. Mrs. John W. Geary was not mentioned as far as we have learned.

ATTENTION! Read THE COLUMBIAN, and it to your neighbor, and get him to subscribe. It is the best and largest paper in the interior of the State.

THE annual meeting of the Sabbath School Association of Columbia county will commence its sessions at Bloomsburg on Tuesday the 22d of March next and continue three days. Every Sabbath School in the county should be represented by its officers and delegates. All friends of the cause are invited to participate in the meetings.

H. D. WALKER,
T. CREVELING, } Ex. Com.
J. B. ROBISON.

NEW FIRM.—We learn that A. J. Evans of this town has purchased Peter Billmyer's interest in the large brick foundry near the L. & B. R. R. G. V. Henrie, formerly Mr. Billmyer's partner, will be associated with him. The firm name will be Evans & Henrie.

BANK DIRECTORS—The following officers were chosen at a meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank here.

President—Chas. R. Paxton.
Directors—Wm. M'Kelvy, Wm. Neal, John K. Grotz, George Hughes.

COLUMBIA COUNTY, is reported by the Surveyor General to contain a population, in 1860, of 25,065, to include 431 square miles, being 275,840 acres of land and its county seat to be in Latitude 41 degrees, 45 seconds, and Longitude, 30 minutes east from Washington. Monroe County, population 13,053, square miles 148, acres 94,720. Sullivan County, population, 5,637, square miles 430, acres 275,200.

UNPATENTED LANDS.—The Surveyor-General's official Report shows, that the date at which the Lien Docket of unpatented lands for Columbia County was sent out, was May 6th, 1869. After May 6th, 1870, the Attorney General is directed by Act of Assembly of April 8th, 1869, to institute suits for the collection of all moneys due the Commonwealth for lands unpatented. We trust our readers will take notice and save costs by themselves.

BERWICK BANK.—The following officers were elected at a meeting of stockholders of the First National Bank of Berwick, held in that town last week.

President—M. W. Jackson,
Cashier—S. C. Jayne,
Teller—J. W. Evans,
Directors—M. W. Jackson, M. E. Jackson, Francis Evans, W. H. Woodward, S. B. Bowman, Jesse Bowman and H. Fowler.

PARADE.—We learn that the organization known as the "Patriot Sons of America" of Berwick propose having a grand parade on the 22d of February next, being the birthday of Washington. There will be a varied entertainment given in the evening, and a good time generally is promised.

The order of that name in this town, we understand have not made any arrangements as yet, to go.

THE LATE SUICIDE.—In our last issue we noticed briefly the self destruction of Esquire William Blee, of Washingtonville, Montour county. The cause assigned for the sad deed is ill health, which caused great depression of spirits and, it is presumed, occasional fits of insanity, in one of which he took his life. His body was found hanging in a barn, but a short time after the deed was committed. He possessed many and warm friends in the community and of his death and the manner of it are universally regretted.

PERSONAL LIABILITY.—A New England Court has awarded $1,000 damages to a man who slipped on the ice in front of a private residence. The Court held that a person who allowed ice to lay on his sidewalks, and thereby caused injury to pedestrians, was as much liable as one who leaves a trap door or other dangerous place open for travellers to fall through. Perhaps a shot or two for damages against persons who allow snow and ice to remain on their sidewalks, would cause cleaner walks in our town.

FARMERS' LICENSES.—The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has ruled that all farmers who make it a business or occupation to sell in the market houses or other places, must pay the regular retail traders' license; but if they merely, from time to time, sold, as an incident, the productions of their own farms, they were exempt. He considers the greatest latitude to be given, so that farmers may have a chance; but those parties who do not produce, and dealers who do produce, and sell the productions of other farms as well as their own, must be made to pay.

BIDDING AT AUCTIONS—Judge Butler lately rendered a decision in Chester County which is of interest to those who conduct and attend auction sales. The case on trial was as follows:

A suit was brought to recover $1,645 00 on a note given as the purchase money for real estate. A gentleman who had purchased property at a public sale, and given his note for the money, learned afterwards that there were present at the time other bidders, or "puffers," and he refused to take the property. The Judge decided that if a party procure men to bid up property, and the person who buys it is deceived thereby, he cannot be held to his bid, but it vitiates the sale and makes it void.

A USEFUL HINT FOR COLD WEATHER.—The reason a room takes so long to be warmed after a fire has been kindled is that the air goes up in a steady column from the mouth of the register, sides of the stove or front of the grate, to the ceiling of the room, and from thence begins to distribute itself downward, which of course is a slow process. To expedite this take a palm-leaf fan, a shawl, a large towel, or something similar, fan violently or swing the shawl vigorously, thus compelling the upper and lower strata of air to unite, the hot upper to mix with the cold lower. In this way the upper portion, where the thermometer would indicate eighty, and the lower, where it would stand at forty, will be compelled to mix, and we would be surprised to witness how much sooner the apartment becomes comfortable.

GIRLS, DON'T DO IT.—There is a practice quite prevalent among young ladies of the present day, which we are old fashioned enough to consider very improper. We allude to their giving photographs of themselves to young men who are merely acquaintances. We consider it indelicate in the highest degree. We are astonished that any young girl should hold herself so cheap as this. With an accepted lover it is of course all right. Even in that case the likeness should be returned, if the engagement should, by any misunderstanding, cease. This little paragraph should meet the eye of any young girl who is about to give her photograph to a gentleman acquaintance, let her know that the remarks made by many young men, when together, concerning what is, perhaps, on her part, a piece of ignorance or imprudence, would, if she heard them, cause her cheeks to crimson with shame and anger.

SENATOR Buckalew has been placed upon the following committees: Federal Relations, Estates and Escheats, Railroads, and Private Claims and Damages.

THE sale of the real estate of Rebecca Nagle dec'd., late of Centre Township, by the adm'r, was continued on the 15th inst., to Saturday the 29th Inst.

THE wit of the Nineteenth Century "Josh Billings" will lecture in the Court House on Friday evening, January 28th, Front seats reserved for the ladies, who may attend with perfect confidence as the lecturer never oversteps the bounds of propriety.

CHANGE OF TIME.—The L. & B. R. R. Co. have again changed their time table and, as usual, did so without notifying either the Post Office Department or the newspapers publishing their tables. This of course leads to a charming little muddle on the part of travelers and those expecting mails. The down train is due now at 7.53 instead of 7.43 as formerly.

ARREST.S. Hons of Millinville writes us that A. Robenhod was arrested on Friday last on the charge of forging a note on S. Driesbach. He was taken by Constable Rantz before a Justice of the Peace at Nescopec, by whom he was released upon paying the face of the note. If this statement be true, the Justice committed a grave error in not committing the man for trial.

WE have received a copy of the World Almanac for 1870, and find it replete with information Political, Statistical and General. It is well and carefully written and contains in a compact form much that is of moment and not easily obtained elsewhere. Its exceedingly low price, 20 cents, place it within reach of all, and its reliability commends it to the attention of all classes of readers.

BLEEDING FROM THE NOSE.—Put a piece of paper in your mouth, chew it rapidly, and it will stop your nose from bleeding. This remedy has been tried frequently, it is stated, and always with success.

Physicians say that placing a small roll of paper or muslin above the front teeth, under the upper lip, and pressing hard on the same, will arrest bleeding from the nose, checking the passage of blood through the arteries leading to the nose.

ECONOMY IN MEAT.—Take cold meat of any kind—pieces left from the table; cut in pieces a quarter of an inch square; put in a frying pan; cover the meat with water; put in a small piece of butter, pepper and salt; when this comes to a boil stir in a little flour and water, previously mixed. Have two or three slices of bread toasted; place them on a platter, pour over them the meat and gravy while hot. This will be found an excellent dish prepared from meat usually thrown away.

FROM the Report of the auditor appointed by the Court to audit and examine the accounts of the public offices we get the information that the Fees received and due in the Register & Recorder's office from Dec. 1st 1868 to Dec. 1st 1869 amount to $1975.55.

In the Prothonotary's Office for the same time $2829.89. The Auditor estimates that in addition to this amount at least $500.00 of fees accrued during the said period, but were taxed on cases commenced previous to Dec., 1st 1868, which increases the value of the office to $3329.89 *per annum*, clear of tax.

REPRESENTATIVE REFORM.—Mr. Buckalew has introduced a bill in the Senate allowing a voter, wherever more than one person is to be elected to the same municipal office, to distribute his votes as he may think fit among candidates, or to concentrate upon one candidate; candidates highest in vote to be declared elected. This bill was referred to a special committee of seven members of which the Speaker was one.

The effect of the passage of this bill would be to give each party a fair representation in the distribution of Township and County offices. For example, in this County it would give the opposition an Associate Judge and a County Commissioner, and Auditor. In Townships each party would also be represented in the School Board, and if possessing over one third of the vote would also secure a Justice of the Peace, Supervisor, Poor Overseer, &c.

GOOD BYE SUBSCRIBERS.—The Albany *Express* has some subscribers who do not pay for their papers. The *Express* bids them good-bye in the following tender terms: "This week we struck from our list only about fifty subscribers who will not pay their dues to the printer. In doing so we take them by the hand, and with tears in our eyes, bid them an affectionate farewell. Good-by-e, old subs! Take care of yourselves. Sometimes think of the *Express*, which you have so long read for nothing. Sponge upon other priaters now for a while. A change of diet will, doubtless, be good for you. Poor old fellows! we are a little sorry to turn you out upon the dark night, without a lamp, but it must be so. Strike for the nearest neighbor's light. He may let you in and feed you for a year or two, upon the strength of your honorable promises to pay at the end of that time. For ourselves we have enough of those curious pledges to supply our cabinet for the present. We have labelled them carefully, and they are open to general inspection. With many thanks for your self-sacrificing indulgence to us, and for your honest appreciation of the obligation existing towards our office, we again, and finally say, "farewell forever."

DOES IT PAY TO ADVERTISE.—To business men of every class this is a question of no little importance, as total failure or complete success is often the issue. A young man just emancipated from parental control, is about to embark in business on his own account. He has a good stock of merchandise on hand for sale, but being only a beginner, he has little patronage. What should he do? Why, advertise. If nobody knows him, let him make himself known. A newspaper advertisement, judiciously drawn up, and if necessary, neatly illustrated, and given to a proper medium, will often suffice to make success almost certain. A good advertisement will ring louder than any bell, and is the staff of life in trade, just as bread is the staff of human life. Advertising enables a business man to place his goods before the eyes of thousands who otherwise would never know of their existence, or that of the owner. It is well known among our most successful merchants that liberal advertising not only pays, but is indispensable to the economical and successful working of their establishments. There are innumerable living instances among us where colossal fortunes have been realized by timely and judicious appeals for patronage through the newspaper and periodical press, whilst it would be difficult to find an instance in which it failed to pay.

Some say that it is of no use for them to advertise, that they have been in the place in business all their lives, and everybody knows them. Such people seem to forget to take in consideration that our country is increasing in population nearly forty per cent every ten years, and no matter how old the place may be, there are constant changes taking place; some move to other parts, and others fill their places. In this age of the world, unless the name of a business firm is kept constantly before the public, some new firms may start up, and by liberal advertising, in a very short time, take the place of the older ones, and the latter rust out as it were, and be forgotten. No man ever lost money by judicious advertising.

HUNDREDS of men, not Democrats, will applaud Senator Buckalew's resolution to vote against "all ring men and measures." It is to be hoped that the Senator will not find himself in a hopeless minority in the Pennsylvania Senate.—*The Day.*

DEMOLISHED—A portion of the timbers, and part of the east end of Mr. Michael Meylert's new brick residence, at this place, was demolished by the heavy winds of Sunday last.—*Laporte Press.*

A SENSIBLE man in Maine last week willed $1,000 to each of his county papers. If there is any gentleman in this neighborhood arranging matters for a happy exit from this world, we call his attention to this Maine man's action. That's all.—*Exchange.*

THUNDER STORM.—The very unusual matter of a rain storm in January accompanied by thunder and lightning was vouchsafed to the community on Monday last. We have become so hopelessly mixed on the subject of atmospheric changes that no meteorological variation has power to astonish us. Should we awaken on any day during this winter to find the trees in bud and blue birds singing in the branches, we should accept both as parts of the extraordinary system of affairs which have thus far prevailed in the Weather Department. "Take no heed for the morrow." In other words don't bet high on the next day's thermometer.

SCARLET FEVER.—The following excellent advice in regard to the treatment of this dreaded disease we clip from The Day, and we would urge its adoption by families afflicted with this prevalent scourge. It is a dangerous disorder when not promptly taken in hand. It begins with languor and loss of appetite, followed by fever and sore throat, and then the "red patches" on the cheeks appear. When the symptoms are first observed, place the child in bed in a room which is warm but well ventilated. Administer warm weak lemonade with a little gum arabic dissolved in it. Cover the abdomen with dry warm flannels then take a neatly folded bed sheet and place it in boiling hot water, wring it out by means of dry towels, and place it over the flannel on the child's abdomen. This must be repeated until perspiration is observed, which will not result for some minutes, when the patient will drop into a quiet slumber, and with careful nursing is saved. All of this may be done before a physician can be summond, and will prove a great auxiliary to his course of treatment—in many cases it will enable him to save the life of a dear child and prevent the disorders which almost always follow this dreadful complaint, when it is not promptly assailed by this simple preliminary home treatment.

MR. TREASURER YOHE.—Some inquiry having been made about the facts in the robbery of the funds from the Treasury some time ago, so far as that robbery had any connection with Mr. Yohe, it seems a proper time now to state them. That matter having undergone judicial investigation the facts here stated are those proved.

On the night of Sept. 28th, 1867, the Commissioners' office was entered by means of some kind of keys, the fire-proof in the office and a safe inside the fire proof, and the sum of $535 stolen from the safe. The theft was discovered the next morning and was immediately communicated by Mr. Krickbaum to Mr. Buckalew, Col. Freeze, Mr. Lowenberg, Mr. Clark, Capt. Brockway and others.

In the following January Mr Yohe, who was elected *after* the robbery, took the office of Treasurer and the settlement of Mr Stiles' account was made by the Auditors. This $535 which had been stolen more than three months before was not paid to Mr Yohe, but a paper was put into his hands stating the facts, and a sort of verbal promise that he should not lose by taking the paper instead of getting the money.

Thus the matter stood till Mr. Yohe's first annual settlement. Then the Auditors charged him with the amount stolen, and never paid to Yohe. Whereupon Yohe appealed from the settlement. The proof abundantly established the fact that he had never received the money. Under the charge of the Court however and the verdict of the Jury, he was held accountable for it to the county, and it was paid. In no way was Mr. Yohe implicated. It was stolen before he came into office—he never received it—he was held responsible for it, and it was paid.

This statement is due to a faithful, honest and vigilant public officer, who has now retired to private life.

LOCAL NOTICES.

SONG BOOKS, New Music and Instruments. Call on Alstatt, Court House alley. New assortment.

I. W. HARTMAN offers the balance of his stock of Furs at cost for cash, and will take off 10 per cent in produce.

NEW GOODS at C. C. Marr's again, a full assortment of fresh groceries and new Dry Goods of the latest styles. Also a fresh lot of ladies' Gum Sandals. Petroleum Fluid for sale.

WHY will people suffer with a cold, when they can buy a bottle of Phœnix Pectoral for 25 cents. It is a sure cure.

n2 4t.

COMFORT, Durability, Elegance! for a happy combination of all three, call on Lowenberg and get a suit of clothes or an overcoat. He has a fine collection of cloths, suitable for winter, for all prices. His workmen are the best in the country, and their work cannot be surpassed. Seeing is believing! Call on him and be convinced.

A PROFUSE and many times excessively offensive discharge from the nose, with "stopping up" of the nose at times impairment of the sense of smell and taste, watering or weak eyes, impaired hearing, irregular appetite, occasional nausea, pressure and pain over the eyes and at times in the back of the head, occasional chilly sensations, cold feet, and a feeling of lassitude and debility are symptoms which are common to catarrh, yet all of them are not present in every case. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures catarrh in its worst form and stages. It is pleasant to use, and contains no poisonous or caustic drugs

Sent by mail on receipt of sixty cents Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale by most Druggists everywhere.

WE have on hand constantly all kinds of blanks, including deeds, bonds, mortgages, notes, summons, executions, subpœnas, &c. We also have small bound books o receipts, notes, &c., useful to Administrators or Executors in settling up estates. 4t

A COUGH, COLD OR SORE THROAT

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Requires immediate attention, as neglect often results in an incurable Lung Disease.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES will almost invariably give instant relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, they have a soothing effect.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Owing to the good reputation and popularity of the Troches, many worthless and cheap imitations are offered, which are good for nothing. Be sure to obtain the true

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES,

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

NOV. 12, '69-6m.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Ivam Derr and Charles F. Mann Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 16th day of Dec. in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and sixty-nine, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 7th day of Feb. next, to continue one week.

AND WHEREAS ALSO the same Judges have issued their precept bearing date the 16th day of Dec., A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty nine and to me directed for holding an Orphans' Court and Court of Common Pleas in Bloomsburg in the county of Columbia on the second Monday being the 14th day of February next, and to continue one week.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 7th day of Feb., with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizances, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 3d day of Jan., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and in the ninety-third year of the Independence of the United States of America. MORDECAI MILLARD,
Bloomsburg, Jan. 7, 1870. Sheriff.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT THE FEB., TERM 1870 THE FIRST TEN CASES TO BE TRIED FIRST WEEK BEGINNING WEDNESDAY.

Clark,	Edward M'Call et. al.	
	vs	
Freeze,	John Sweeney.	
Clark,	Henry J. Yeaple,	
	vs	
Little	Isaac Drum & terre tenant	
Clark,	Henry J. Yeaple,	
	vs	
Little,	Isaac Drum & terre tenant.	
Jackson.	Abraham Martz,	
	vs	
Little,	D. F. Seybert.	
Whitmoyer.	Lavina Davenport,	
	vs	
Little,	William M. Klinetob,	
Clark.	John Coleman,	
	vs	
Brockway.	Michael Cronan,	
Clark.	John Shipman,	
	vs	
Freeze,	Thomas J. Vandersliee,	
Kahler.	Charles R. Green,	
	vs	
Clark,	Peter Schug.	
Freeze.	George Zarr,	
	vs	
Clark,	Wm. M'Kelvy.	
Little.	Reuben H. King.	
	vs	
Kahler.	Elisha B. Pursel.	

SECOND WEEK.

Clark.	Sara A. Peterman's adm'r.	
	vs	
Freeze,	Valentine Stout, et. al.	
Rhoads.	Gideon Arndt.	
	vs	
Little & Freeze.	John U. Leiby.	
Whitmoyer.	Robert S. Hampton	
	vs	
Levelle,	Richard Watkins.	
Freeze,	Thomas Benfield	
	vs	
Ikeler.	Uriah Campbell.	
Clark.	F. Zimmerman, & T. L. Herlic, use.	
	vs	
Freeze.	B. H. Wm. Creveling.	
Knorr.	A & J. Reinoehl	
	vs	
Clark.	Lackawanna & B. R. R. Co.	
Whitmoyer.	Alexander Colley	
	vs	
Freeze.	Alfinas Cole.	
Clark.	Monroe Brundage	
	vs	
Kahler.	Elisha B. Pursell.	
Brockway.	Michael Grover use.	
	vs	
Freeze.	H. S. Marr.	
	vs	
Clark & Knorr.	Stacy John's Committee.	
Freeze,	Stacy John,	
	vs	
Clark & Knorr.	Mary John's Committee.	
Freeze,	Stacy John,	
	vs	
Clark & Knorr.	Mary John's Committee.	
Clark & Brockway	Peter Schug,	
	vs	
Little.	Charles Lee	
Marr Brothers.	Continental Coal Co.	
	vs	
Freeze,	Lehigh Valley R. R. Co.	
Knorr.	Wm. Marr,	
	vs	
Kahler & Ikeler.	Hughes & Ruckle.	
Whitmoyer.	Geo. Stackhouse,	
	vs	
Clark.	Andrew Stackhouse.	
Abbott.	Ann Margerum;	
	vs	
Whitmoyer.	David Hunt, et ux.	
	vs	
	Samuel Whitmyer,	
	vs	
Clark.	Wilson Beiterich,	
Clark	Thomas Hughes, use,	
	vs	
Freeze.	Wesley Ruckel.	
Ikeler.	George Masters & Son,	
	vs	
Freeze,	Samuel Brugler.	
Freeze.	Daniel Shuman Admr.	
	vs	
Brockway.	Mathias Alstetter, et. al.	
Howell.	M. F. Howell, et. al.	
	vs	
Freeze.	Mary E. Green.	
Whitmoyer.	Frederick Hossler,	
Brockway & Thompson,	Gideon G. Hossler, et. al.	
Freeze,	William A. Case,	
	vs	
Howell.	The twp. of Scott.	
Miller.	John Jacobs,	
	vs	
Ikeler.	G. L. Johnson.	
Clark.	Samuel Kline.	
	vs	
Ikeler.	Preserve Conner, et. al.	
Brockway.	W. B. Kline, et. ux.	
	vs	
Little.	Abraham Moore, et. al.	
Jackson.	C. B. Campbell. & Co.	
	vs	
	Taggart, Furman & Barton,	
	Ephraim Balliett,	
	vs	
Whitmoyer.	Aaron Andrews, et. al,	
Freeze.	Jacob Gilbert,	
	vs	
Whitmoyer.	George Strausser.	
Little.	Wm. Brooks, et. ux.	
	vs	
Freeze.	Wm. Struthers, et. ux.	
Clark.	E. J. & U. P. M'Henry,	
	vs	
Jackson.	Joseph B. Evans.	
Freeze.	Joseph O. Kramer,	
	vs	
Clark,	Peter Smith.	
Levelle.	Thacher & Co. et. al.	
	vs	
Little,	Wm. Goodman.	
Howell.	Wm. Milnes, et. al.	
	vs	
Little.	Daniel F. Seybert, et. al.	
Whitmoyer.	Jennie Henwood,	
	vs	
Clark.	A. J. Evans, et. al.	
Baldy.	Wm. M. Martin, et. ux.	
	vs	
Clark & Freeze,	Timothy Ragan et. al.	
Knorr.	Henry T. Reily,	
	vs	
Whitmoyer.	James Carr.	
Baldy.	Wm. H. Wolfe,	
	vs	
Little,	Jesse D. Rice.	
Jackson.	Wm. M. Klinetob,	
	vs	
Barkley,	G. G. Jacoby, & Co.	
Freeze.	C. D. Fowler, use.	
	vs	
Jackson.	Reuben Miller.	

WELLINGTON H. ENT, Prothy.

GRAND JURORS.

FEBRUARY TERM, 1870.

Bloom—Thos. Hickey, Michael Tracy, David Brobst, Chas. W. Swingle.
Briarcreek—William Slamm.
Centralia—James Dyke, William Snyder.
Conyngham—John Price.
Catawissa—Solomon Shuman.
Franklin—James Copeland.
Hemlock—James P. Pursell, Theodore Dent.
Locust—Hiram G. Hower.
Montour—Philip Foust, Isaac Mowry.
Maine—Nathan Miller.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan, sr.
Pine—David Sanders.
Scott—John W. Keller, Samuel R. Kline, Charles Lee, John Ammerman, Franklin P. Kelley.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FEBRUARY TERM, 1870.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—A. Wittman, E. R. Brinker, A. Sollender, Jacob Evans, J. Troup, A. McDonald.
Benton—Reuben Davis.
Catawissa—H. Fahler, Benj. Miller, Joseph Maris, S. D. Ringal, S. Rawn, J. E. Knittle, L. Krugh.
Centralia—Wm. H. Shuman.
Centre—John Ester, Jacob Sponsler, Henry Shaffer, jr.
Hemlock—Aaron Smith, John Betz, Daniel Pursel, A. J. Emmett.
Locust—Wm. Erwin, John Bird, John Herner.
Maine—C. Haman, N. H. W. Brown, J. R. Jameson.
Madison—Louis Schuyler, J. Cesper.
Millin—E. S. Brown, A. J. Buckalew.
Scott—R. J. Millard, M. McCollum, J. McCandy, I. Hess.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Thos. Gorey, Peter Bechtel, Charles Doubler.
Berwick—R. H. Eaton.
Benton—Wm. Appleman, Wm Smith.
Beaver—A. B. Johnson, J. Brethender.
Briarcreek—H. Doak, D. Miller, D. Maris, R. Bowen.
Catawissa—Walter Scott.
Centre—Wm. Scott.
Centralia—E. Jones.
Fishingcreek—P. Yealer.
Franklin—M. Hower, Joel Zarr, J. Soloman, Greenwood—David Kester.
Hemlock—Geo. Lovey, J. R. Miller.
Locust—John Billig, jr. Geo Getig, J. Yeager.
Maine—John Betz, Wm. Fisher.
Millin—J. G. Wintersteen.
Mt. Pleasant—W. E. Sands.
Pine—Solomon Dark.
Roaringcreek—John D. Houck.
Sugarloaf—John Klinger.
Scott—Asa Everit, Thos. Trench, H. P Oman, D. Howry.

TRAVERSE JURORS.

FEBRUARY TERM, 1870.

FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—A. Wittman, E. R. Brinker, A. Sollender, Jacob Evans, J. Troup, A. McDonald.
Benton—Reuben Davis.
Catawissa—H. Fahler, Benj. Miller, Joseph Maris, S. D. Ringal, S. Rawn. J. E. Knittle, L. Krugh.
Centralia—Wm. H. Shuman.
Centre—John Ester. Jacob Sponsler, Henry Shaffer, jr.
Hemlock—Aaron Smith, John Betz, Daniel Pursel, A. J. Emmett.
Locust—Wm. Erwin, John Bird, John Herner.
Maine—C. Haman, N. H. W. Brown, J. R. Jameson.
Madison—Louis Schuyler, J. Cesper.
Millin—E. S. Brown, A. J. Buckalew.
Scott—R. J. Millard, M. McCollum, J. McCandy, I. Hess.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—Thos. Gorey, Peter Bechtel, Charles Doubler.
Berwick—R. H. Eaton.
Benton—Wm. Appleman, Wm Smith.
Beaver—A. B. Johnson, J. Brethender.
Briarcreek—H. Doak, D. Miller, D. Maris, R. Bowen.
Catawissa—Walter Scott.
Centre—Wm. Scott.
Centralia—E. Jones.
Fishingcreek—P. Yealer.
Franklin—M. Hower, Joel Zarr, J. Soloman, Greenwood—David Kester.
Hemlock—Geo. Lovey, J. R. Miller.
Locust—John Billig, jr. Geo Getig, J. Yeager.
Maine—John Betz, Wm. Fisher.
Millin—J. G. Wintersteen.
Mt. Pleasant—W. E. Sands.
Pine—Solomon Dark.
Roaringcreek—John D. Houck.
Sugarloaf—John Klinger.
Scott—Asa Everit, Thos. Trench, H. P Oman, D. Howry.

WELLINGTON H. ENT, Prothy.

Real Estate Sales.

PRIVATE SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned will dispose at private sale on or before April 1st 1870,

SIXTEEN ACRES OF LAND,

situate in Madison township, Columbia county, bounded by lands of Abram More, Jacob Geiser, Jacob Wampole, and Jacob Bechtel, on which is erected a

STORY AND A HALF FRAME DWELLING HOUSE.

A Bank Barn, and the usual outbuildings. A well of water is at the door. Terms reasonable.
Jan. 7, 70-1m. ABRAHAM YOUNG
Jerseytown, Col. Co.

FOR SALE.

The undersigned offers to dispose of at private sale, on reasonable terms the

VALUABLE HOTEL STAND,

at Light Street, Columbia county, Pa., known as the "Walnut Hotel," and now occupied by Samuel Rhine.

It is favorably located for the transaction of business, and if properly kept, would not fail to return a handsome income.

Question as to title, possession, conditions etc satisfactorily answered by
C. B. BROCKWAY,
Aug. 20, '69-tf. Agent.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The subscriber, adm'r., of the estate of Hiram Cool, dec'd., will expose to sale on the premises, in Roaringcreek twp., in Columbia county, on Saturday, January 22d, 1870, the following described real estate, to wit: A tract of land, bounded by lands of Richard Hoagland, Elijah Horn, and Thomas Rosch, and the public road, containing

SEVENTY-FOUR ACRES,

more or less; about sixty acres whereof is cleared and under good cultivation. The improvements are a two story

FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,

a bank barn and out buildings, a spring of water apple orchard and other fruit; and a small stream of water running through the place.

TERMS OF SALE:—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money shall be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth, less the ten per cent at the confirmation absolute; and the remaining three fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from the confirmation nisi, &c. E. M. TEWKSBURY,
dec. 31, '69-4w. Administrator.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The subscriber adm'r., of the estate of B. S. Brockway, dec'd, will expose to sale on the premises, in Salem township, in Luzerne county, on Saturday, February 5th, 1870 at 10 o'clock, A. M. a messuage and tract of land bounded by the Susquehanna river, lands of Reuben Kisner and Reuben Seybert, containing about three acres, on which is erected a good

LARGE FRAME HOUSE & BARN,

one Small House, a Brick Smoke House, and the usual outbuildings. The premises also contain the best kinds of fruit trees.

ALSO.—At the same time and place the following personal property, viz:

BEDS AND BEDDING,

two good cook stoves, two parlor stoves, carpets, chairs, and a large assortment of gardening tools kitchen and household furniture, too numerous to mention.

TERMS OF SALE FOR REAL ESTATE.—One fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property, the balance to be paid in four equal annual payments, interest payable annually.

TERMS OF PERSONAL PROPERTY.—All amounts under $5.00 to be cash; over that amount six months credit, appropriate security to be given.

S. H. COLES, Auctioneer.
C. B. BROCKWAY, Administrator.
dec. 31, '69-tf.

PUBLIC SALE
—OF—
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE!

In pursuance of an order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia County, Pennsylvania, will be sold at public sale, on the premises, on Saturday, Jan. 22d 1870, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, by Benjamin F. Hartman, administrator, etc., of Andrew J. Sloan, late of Bloom township, in the county of Columbia, Pa., deceased, the following described valuable real estate to wit; All that certain

LOT OF GROUND

situate in the town of Bloomsburg, said county, bounded as follows, to wit: Fronting on Market street of said town on the east, an alley on the north, an alley on the west, and a lot owned by Wm. Neal on the south, containing in front on Market street seventy-one feet, and in depth one hundred and ninety-eight feet whereon is erected a large two story

BRICK DWELLING HOUSE,

Brick Kitchen attached, Brick Ice House and Spring House, Coal House, etc., a large Frame Stable, Wagon House, Straw House, and other outbuildings, late a part of the estate of said deceased, situated in the town and county aforesaid. WELLINGTON H. ENT,
Clerk.

☞TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale; one-fourth of the purchase money, less the ten per cent, on the confirmation of sale; and the balance of the purchase money in one year from the confirmation of sale, with interest on the same from confirmation nisi, &c. Purchaser or Purchasers to pay for Deed and Stamps. Possession given April 1st, 1870.

B. F. HARTMAN,
dec. 24, '69-5w. Administrator.

FOR SALE.

About fifty-five feet 1¾ in. Shafting with plate couplings and hangings complete, now in use but too light for our work. Also sixty feet new shafting 2 7-16, and 2 in. turned, with plate couplings and adjustable hangers. Will be sold cheap. Also one Thresh ng Machine. Apply to
N. W. SAMPLE & CO.
dec. 17, '69-tf.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

THE SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN

$1,500 CASH. FOR 1870. $1,500 CASH.

A FALUABLE PREMIUM FOR ALL.

This splendid illustrated weekly journal of popular science, mechanics, invention, engineering, chemistry, architecture, agriculture and the kindred arts, enters its twenty-fifth year on the first of January next, having a circulation far exceeding that of any similar journal now published.

The Editorial Department of the Scientific American is very ably conducted, and some of the most popular writers in this Country and Europe are contributors. Every number has its important pages, embellished with fine Engravings of Mechanics', New Inventions, Tools for the Workshop, Farm and Household, Engineering Works, Dwelling Houses, Public Buildings.

A Journal of so much intrinsic value, at the low price of $3 a year, ought to have, in this thriving country, A Million Readers.

Whoever reads the Scientific American is entertained and instructed, without being bothered with hard words or dry details.

TO INVENTORS AND MECHANICS.

this journal is of special value, as it contains a weekly report of all Patents issued at Washington, with explanations of the leading American and European Inventions. The Publishers of the Scientific American are the most Extensive Patent Solicitors in the world, and have unequalled facilities for gathering complete knowledge of the progress of Invention and Discovery throughout the world; and with a view to mark the quarter of a century, during which this journal has held the first place in scientific and Mechanical Literature, the Publishers will issue on January first the large and splendid Steel Engraving by John Sartain of Philadelphia, entitled:

"MEN OF PROGRESS—AMERICAN INVENTORS,"

the plate costing nearly $4,000 to engrave, and contains nineteen likenesses of illustrious American Inventors. It is a superb work of art.

Single pictures, printed on heavy paper, will be sold for $1.00, and any one desiring for the Scientific American the paper will be sent for one year, together with a copy of the engraving, on receipt of $30. The picture is also offered as a premium for clubs of subscribers.

☞$1,500 CASH PRIZES,☜

In addition to the above premium, the Publishers will pay $1,500 in Cash Prizes for lists of subscribers sent in by February 10, 1870. Persons who want to complete for these prizes, should send at once for prospectus and blanks for names.

Terms of Scientific American, one year $3.00; six months $1.50; four months, $1.00. To Clubs of ten and upwards, terms $2.50 per annum. Specimen copies sent free, address the Publishers.

MUNN & CO.
37 Park Row New York.

How to get Patents.—A pamphlet of Patent Laws and instruction to Inventors sent free.
dec. 21, '69-1t.

NEW GOODS,

AT

BROWER'S STORE,

AT

LOWEST PRICES FOR CASH.

FIRST DOOR ABOVE COURT HOUSE.

dec. 17, '69-tf.

JOB PRINTING IN COLORS,
Neatly executed at this office.

Special Notices.

No HUMBUG. It is *warranted* to cure lost or impaired Taste, Smell or Hearing, Watering or Weak Eyes, offensive breath, Ulcerated Throat or Mouth, Pain and Pressure in the Head, and loss of Memory when caused, as all of them frequently are by the ravages of Catarrh. It is pleasant and painless to use, contains no strong poisonous or caustic drugs, but *cures by its mild soothing action.*

I will pay $500 Reward for a case of Catarrh that I cannot cure.

FOR SALE BY MOST DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

PRICE ONLY 50 CENTS.

If your Druggist has not yet got it on sale, don't be put off with some worse than worthless strong stuff, "fumigator," or poisonous caustic solution, which will *drive the disease to the lungs* instead of cur

FARMER'S COLUMN.

Saving Manure.

THE quantity of manure that may be saved and manufactured from twenty head of cattle in a year is astonishing to an old-style farmer, who believes in the good old stuff, but is too close-fisted to hire labor. The writer came into possession of a run-down farm last spring, with about forty loads of manure in the two barn-yards as the result of last year's operations. The practice in the neighborhood is to clean the yards in the spring, and let them lie bare until after haying, when a few loads of dirt and sea-weeds are carted in, which suffices for the year. As soon as the yards were cleared, swamp mud, decayed leaves, head-lands, and sea-weeds, adding every week a few loads, and ploughing occasionally to mix the droppings of the cattle with the contents of the yard. All the manure from the horses, oxen, cows and pigs were thrown into the yards and mixed with the accumulating mass. By September we had at least two hundred and fifty loads of compost of much better quality than was carted out in the spring, ready to be spread upon the meadows or to be ploughed under for grain, and the best part of the year for making manure still ahead. In the common practice of leaving the yards bare during the summer, the most valuable part of the manure is lost for want of absorbents, even if the cattle are yarded at night. There is nothing to save the liquid manure which is worth quite as much as the solid. Most of the ammonia escapes into the atmosphere. But with plenty of good absorbents and the frequent ploughing and harrowing of the yard nothing is lost. All the refuse material dropped in the yard becomes charged with ammonia, and plant food is manufactured very fast. It tells upon the grass, grain and root crops immediately, and the process of renovation begins. This, of course, costs labor and the outlay of capital, but it is a kind of expenditure that pays very soon in the increased crops. We must either do this, or worse. It will not do to rely upon commercial fertilizers for ordinary farming. The great bulk of fertilizers must be made at home. Neither will it pay to have barn yards, and grow grass at the rate of three quarters of a ton to the acre, twenty five bushels of corn, thirty of oats, ten of rye, and fifty of potatoes. The farm must go down and the farmer's purse grow lean with this kind of management. We want to double and treble these crops, and by saving manure any farmer of ordinary intelligence can do it.

American Agriculturist.

Fortunes Sunk in Farming.

J. J. Thomas says he knows a farmer over sixty years old, who has worked hard for more than forty years. He began with a good one hundred and fifty acre farm given him, but subject to an incumbrance of about one-third its value. This was a good start. He is, after a lapse of forty years, still in debt. He is temperate; had he not been, his farm would have gone long ago. He has worked hard; had he not, he must have failed. He has been economical, in its common meaning, or he never could have kept even with his creditors. What, then, has kept him back in the world? Mr. Thomas has been figuring up, and finds that he has virtually sunk three good estates by want of management,

First. In wintering his cattle and sheep. He kept, generally, about twenty cattle and one hundred sheep. The cattle trod about three tons of hay under foot each year, and consumed half a ton extra by exposure to the winds, in all thirteen tons, worth $91. This exposure of cattle and calves reduced their size and market value one-third—annual increase, six head, and average value lost, $8 each—$48. Ten per cent, of his sheep and lambs were lost by want of shelter, and the clip was diminished twenty five per cent, from the same cause—total loss on sheep, per annum, $50. The whole yearly loss on cattle and sheep was, therefore, $189. In forty years this annual loss, with compound interest, would amount to about $35,000. Thus one fortune had been sunk.

Secondly. In a want of good rotation of crops. He raised wheat after wheat, oats after oats, and corn after corn, because the stubble was most easily ploughed, till his land was exhausted and full of weeds. The crops, as a whole, scarcely paid his labor. A good rotation would safely have given him one-third more, which would have been a clear gain, on an average, of at least $5 an acre, on about fifty acres, yearly—total, $250 a year. This loss repeated for forty years, and interest, would amount to more than $50,000! This was the second fortune sunk.

Thirdly. In raising crops of weeds. Some of his pasture-fields had a heavier growth of mulleins, rag-weed, johnworth and thistles, than of grass; consequently, at least half his land was wasted to grow them. On fifty acres of pasture, at least $2 each were yearly wasted, to say nothing of the loss of grain by Canada thistle patches, in retarding growth and preventing clean harvesting, and his greatly diminished crop of corn by fox-tail and pig-weed. The annual loss from weeds was therefore, at least $100—the amount of which, with interest, in forty years would be $20,000. The third fortune.—*Maryland Farmer.*

Got Leather Bits.

One of the cruelest things to dumb beasts is putting frozen iron bits into a horse's mouth. It is not only a painful but a dangerous act. For every time living flesh touches a metal much below the freezing point, the latter extracts the heat from the former and freezes it. Thus a horse's mouth becomes frozen by the cold iron several times a day put into it; each time causing these freezings to go deeper and deeper, to end at last in extensive ulceration. With such a sore mouth the poor horse refuses to eat and pines away, which calls the horse-doctor in. They call it bots, glanders, horse-ail, &c., and go to cramming down poisonous drugs in big doses; and the next you know of the poor abused creature, he is trundled off to be food for fish or the crows. Many a valuable horse has been "mysteriously" lost in just that way.

Thinking and human people avoid this by first warming the bits; but this is much trouble, and sometimes impossible as in night work like staging and physician's work. Now all this trouble and loss are entirely avoided, as we have found on large trial, by getting the harness-makers to get leather bits for winter use, so made that no metal substance can touch the flesh. They are durable and cost only half a dollar. We wouldn't exchange ours for a gold one, if it couldn't be replaced. Don't fail to try it.

THE YOUNG FOLKS.

Katy Pease, of Utica.

There is but 1 on earth I love,
And that is K-T-P's;
Without her, whereso'er I rove,
My heart is ill at E's.

She dwells beyond the deep blue C,
In lovely U-T-K,
York State—3,000 miles or more
From Cal-I-for-ni-a.

Venus might N-V her charms,
When decked in R-A:
And then to paint her I's & O's,
'Twere idle to S-A.

Her cheeks as R O Z as the morn,
Her teeth as white as pearl;
To fill one's love with X-T-C,
Oh! she is just the girl;

The I-V green climbs at her door,
The sweet P blossoms there;
Of all the flowers that ever blow,
My K-T is most fair.

I do not lavish M-T praise,
Through wild X-S of love;
But, oh! I worship her next to
The D-E-I above

Though former joys R dead to me,
That once I held so D-R,
I will not mourn their sad D-K,
Nor shed a single T-R.

And though N-P-I-G I am,
As every body C's,
I ask but 1 to P-T me
And that is K-T-P's.

Her smiles of sympathy would soon
By N-R-G restore
And make me something like the man
I used to B B-f.

Not given to Q-P-D-T,
Yet I've enough of pelf;
But still P-M-I-N-S I'm grown,
And careless of myself.

My coat and vest R-C-D now,
My pants let in the breeze;
Life's turbid stream runs I-C cold,
Unwarmed by K-T-P's.

APOSTROPHE.

X-Q's me K-T—as I live,
I hope U soon to 2 C;
And then, if "mother" don't object,
Y—married we will be!

And then prepare my charming 1,
To vanquse U-T-K;
For we will go 2 O-I-O,
O else 2 I-O-A.

Translated for the Valley Spirit.

Death and the Weaver.

FROM THE GERMAN, BY R. H. S.

In olden times there lived a weaver, who had six children, and was very poor. It happened that a seventh child was born to him, and he deliberated whom he should choose as god father for the little boy.

"You must ask some rich man," said his wife, "who will adopt our poor little child; for the dear sunlight is more plenty in our house, than the dear bread."

"Yes," replied the husband, "but rich folks have hard hearts."

But he went to a rich farmer, and made known his request. The farmer answered him very harshly, that he had god-sons enough, and did not want his child; and bade him go to his equals. With this refusal, he showed the poor weaver the door.

Then he went to a poor man. But the poor man said, he could not provide food and clothing enough for his own children, let alone christening-gifts for those of others. So he advised him to get some wealthier man, and refused his request.

Now the weaver was very unhappy, and murmured in his heart against God and man; and as he passed through a wood on his way home, he began tearing his hair in great distress, and cried out, that he could not live any longer in such an evil world, and wished that Death would come, and take him away from it. As he said that, a man approached him, wrapped in a long black mantle; wherever this man stepped, the grass and flowers turned yellow under his feet, and the leaves of trees on both sides of his path, shrivelled up and fell to the ground. It was Death. He stepped before the weaver and said,

"You called me—what is your wish?"

The weaver was frightened, took his hat off, bowed, and said:

"My wife has a little child, born yesterday, and no one is willing to be its god-father,—neither rich man nor poor man. I called on you, because you are the friend of poor people, to see if you would be god-father to the child."

"Very willingly;" said Death,—"Bring the child to the church to-morrow, at the ringing of the evening bell: I will come and hold it for baptism."

The weaver obeyed, and when he reached the font, Death came, held the child, and gave it the name of Anastasius. He told the pastor that he was a traveling doctor, and had done this out of particular friendship for the poor man. When they had come from the church to the weaver's door, he took the latter aside, and said,

"You may, perhaps, expect some christening gift. But I have neither silver nor gold, for the men who come to me leave all that behind them, and come as poor and naked as first they came into the world. But I will tell you a secret which you will find very useful, and by which you may make a great deal of money. The Pastor thinks I am a doctor. So you may give out to the people that I have taught you, and given you a very powerful remedy. Then, when you are called to visit a sick person, look well, and you will see me sitting near the patient,—either at his head or at his feet. If I sit at the head of the bed, then say, that all medicine would be useless to him,—his sickness is mortal; then go your way, for certainly and surely he must die. But if I sit at the foot, then say that you will not fail to cure that patient, however dangerous his illness may be. Give him whatever you please, and your reputation will stand high, for he will live."

With these words, Death went away.

The weaver was very much pleased, and immediately began to give out that he had become a doctor; but the people laughed at him, and would not believe him.

After a while, it happened that the magistrate of the village fell from a high tree, and was carried home for dead. He suffered the greatest agony, and after some days, the doctor said it was all over with him—he must die. Then there was great weeping and lamentation in the house of the magistrate. The weaver came to the house, and saw his child's god-father sitting at the foot of the bed.

"Why," said he, "the doctors are stupid asses—they do not know my remedy, and are letting him die in misery. What will you give me, if I make him well and strong again?"

The magistrate's wife promised him a large reward. Then the weaver gave him in a glass, a little water, in which he had put the juice of some whortleberries. The magistrate recovered, contrary to all expectations, and the weaver received his reward. He did the same thing to several other sick people, who all recovered.

(Continued.)

Stoves and Tinware.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,

Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.

A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.

Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.

Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.

Apr.9,69-1f

STOVES AND TINWARE.

A. M. RUPERT

announces to his friends and customers that continues the above business at his old place on

MAIN STREET, BLOOMSBURG.

Customers can be accomodated with

FANCY STOVES

of all kinds, Stoveptpes, Tinware, and every variety of article found in a Stove and Tinware Establishment in the cities, and on the most reasonable terms. Repairing done at the shortest notice.

25 DOZEN MILK-PANS

on hand for sale.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.

ON MAIN STREET, NEARLY OPPOSITE MILLER' STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PENN'A.

THE undersigned has just fitted up and opened his new

STOVE AND TIN SHOP,

in this place, where he is prepared to make up new TIN WARE of all kinds in his line, and do repairing with neatness and dispatch, upon the most reasonable terms. He also keeps on hand STOVES OF VARIOUS PATTERNS & STYLES, which he will sell upon terms to suit purchasers. Give him a call. He is a good mechanic, and deserving of the public patronage.

JACOB METZ.

Bloomsburg, April 26, 1867.

Foundries.

SHARPLESS & HARMAN,

EAGLE FOUNDRY AND MANUFACTURING SHOP,

STOVES & PLOWS WHOLESALE & RETAIL

THE CELEBRATED MONTROSE IRON BEAM AND THE HUTTON WOODEN BEAM PLOWS.

Castings and Fire Brick for repairing city Stoves. All kinds of Brass or Iron casting made to order upon short notice.

H. F. SHARPLESS & P. S. HARMAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa. Proprietors.
Mar.19,'69-tf.

NEW FIRM,

NATIONAL IRON WORKS

BILLMYER & HENRIE.

The subscribers respectfully call the attention of the business community to their Works situated on the L. B. R. R. above the Depot.

BLOOMSBURG PA.

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS AND IRON SMITHS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Engines, Boilers, Saw and Grist-Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers. They also make all kinds of Threshing Machines of the most approved patterns and the Celebrated Montrose Iron Beam Plows, Cook, Parlor, Barroom and Work-shop STOVES. Heaters and a full assortment of Fire bricks, and castings constantly on hand for repairing Stoves. Several different sizes and designs of Cellar Grates. They are also prepared to furnish Car Wheels and Axles for Mining purposes and General Mining castings. Iron and Brass castings for every description of Job work. Agricultural Implements made and repaired. Particular attention given to the repairing of all kinds of Reapers; extra parts on hand.

June 1','69-tf.

ORANGEVILLE FOUNDRY,

MACHINE SHOP AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

The undersigned desires to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has rebuilt and enlarged his Foundry and Machine Shop, and removed all his business from Light Street to the above named place, where in connection with his Foundry he will continue to manufacture Wheeler's Railway Chain Horse-Power and Thresher, (improved), Carnell's Patent,

THRESHER AND CLEANER,

either overshot for Tread-Power or undershot with Lever-Power. He also manufactures to order and fits up all kinds of

MILL GEARING,

Circular Saw Mandrels, Patent Slides for Saw Mills, the latest improved Iron Beam Plows of different kinds Wooden Beam Plows, Double Corn Plows, and Plow Points of every description generally used throughout the county.

IRON KETTLES, BELLS

Cellar Grates, Stoves, Sled and Sleigh Soles, and in fact everything generally made in a country Foundry. Those wishing to purchase Machines would do well to examine his machines, and the improvements made on the power, by which at least 25 per cent. of the friction is taken off.

ALL MACHINES ARE WARRANTED

to give good satisfaction, and terms made to suit purchasers. All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Plows and castings.

Thankful to his friends and patrons for past favors he would still continue to solicit the same.

WILLIAM SCHUYLER.
Apr.2,69-tf Orangeville Pa.

Wall Paper and Painting.

IMPORTANT

TO BUILDERS, HOUSEHOLDERS & TENANTS.

The undersigned would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he is prepared to execute

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING

in all its branches.

PAPER HANGING

Carefully attended to.

Strict attention to business and good work manship it is believed will merit a fair show of public patronage.

Shop on Catharine Street between Third and Fourth.

Mar.5,'69-1y. WM. F. BODINE.

Insurance Agencies.

GLOBE MUTUAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF

NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec
Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA

GENERAL AGENT,

For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia counties.

Aug. 20,'69-1y.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

Wyoming	$170,000
Ætna	4,000,000
Fulton	300,000
North America	360,000
City	450,000
International	1,400,000
Niagara	1,000,000
Putnam	350,000
Merchants	350,000
Springfield	570,000
Farmers' Danville	500,000
Albany City	400,000
Lancaster City	200,000
York Horse, Death & Theft	65,000
Home, New Haven	1,000,000
Danville, Horse Theft	

FREAS BROWN, *Agent,*
mar18 69-1y.* BLOOMSBURG, PA

For Pure Water, use this celebrated Pump, entirely tasteless, durable and reliable; equal to the good old-fashioned wooden Pump, and cost less than half the money. Easily arranged so as to be non-freezing, and in construction so simple that any one can put it up and keep it in repair.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST PUMP NOW MADE

Oct.22,'69-6m.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating, silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan.31,'68-tf

Drugs and Chemicals.

Ayer's

Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. *Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.* Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE $1.00.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,

FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

The reputation this excellent medicine enjoys, is derived from its cures, many of which are truly marvellous. Inveterate cases of Scrofulous disease, where the system seemed saturated with corruption, have been purified and cured by it. Scrofulous affections and disorders, which were aggravated by the scrofulous contamination until they were painfully afflicting, have been radically cured in such great numbers in almost every section of the country, that the public scarcely need to be informed of its virtues or uses.

Scrofulous poison is one of the most destructive enemies of our race. Often, this unseen and stealth tenant of the organism undermines the constitution, and invites the attack of enfeebling or fatal diseases, without exciting a suspicion of its presence. Again, it seems to breed infection throughout the body, and then, on some favorable occasion, rapidly develop into one or other of its hideous forms, either on the surface or among the vitals. In the latter, tubercles may be suddenly deposited in the lungs or heart, or tumors formed in the liver, or it shows its presence by eruptions on the skin, or foul ulcerations on some part of the body. Hence the occasional use of a bottle of this *Sarsaparilla* is advisable, even when no active symptoms of disease appear. Persons afflicted with the following complaints generally find immediate relief, and, at length, cure, by the use of this *SARSAPARILLA: St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworms, Sore Eyes, Sore Ears,* and other eruptions or visible forms of *Scrofulous* disease. Also in the more concealed forms, as *Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Neuralgia,* and the various *Uterine* affections of the muscular and nervous systems.

Syphilis or Venereal and *Mercurial Diseases* are combated by it, though a longer time is required for enfeebling these obstinate maladies to pay medicine. But long continued use of this medicine will cure the complaint. *Leucorrhœa or Whites, Uterine Hemorrhages, Female Weaknesses,* and *Irregularities* are commonly soon relieved and ultimately cured by its purifying and invigorating effect. Minute Directions for each case are found in our Almanac, supplied gratis. *Rheumatism* and *Gout,* when caused by accumulations of extraneous matters in the blood, yield quickly to it, as also *Liver Complaints, Torpidity, Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver, and Jaundice,* when arising, as they often do, from the rankling poisons in the blood. The *SARSAPARILLA* is a great restorer of the strength and vigor of the system. Those who are *Languid* and *Listless, Incapable of Study or Labor,* and troubled with *Nervous Apprehensions or Fears,* may rely on the effective assistance of this *Sarsaparilla* for full and immediate relief and convincing evidence of its restorative power in such cases.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists,

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

Feb. 5, 186 .

PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!
PHŒNIX PECTORAL CURES COUGH!

25 CENTS. $1 00

The Phœnix Pectoral will cure the diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Colds, Cough, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Sore Throat Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, and Pulmonary Consumption. This medicine is prepared by Dr. Levi Oberholtzer of Philadelphia, and formerly of Phœnixville, Pa., and although it has only been offered for five years, more than one million bottles have already been sold, such the demand for it is increasing every day. Many of the Retail Druggists buy it in lots of five gross, and not a few of the Country Storekeepers try one gross at a time. Nearly every one who has ever sold it testifies to its popularity, and nearly all who have used it, bear testimony to its wonderful power in curing Cough. We are confident that there is no known medicine sold, such great value to the community as the Phœnix Pectoral.

It has cured cases of the most painful and distressing cough, of years standing.

It has given instant relief in spells of coughing.

It has instantly stopped the paroxysm of Whooping Cough, and greatly shortened its duration.

It has cured Croup in a few minutes.

Consumption has been cured by it, where all other remedies had failed to do good.

Hoarseness has been cured by it in a single night.

Many physicians recommend it, and others use it themselves and administer it in their practice while others oppose it because it takes away their business.

We recommend it to our readers and for further particulars, would refer you to the circular around the bottle where you will find numerous certificates given by persons who have used it.

It is so pleasant to the taste that children cry for it.

It is a stimulating expectorant, giving strength at the same time that it allays the cough.

The proprietor of this medicine has so much confidence in its curative powers from the testimony of thousands who have used it that the money will be refunded to any purchaser who is not satisfied with the effects.

It is so cheap that all can buy it.

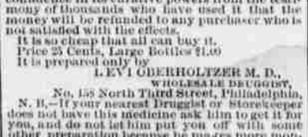
Price 25 Cents, Large Bottles $1.00

It is prepared only by

LEVI OBERHOLTZER M. D.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
No. 158 North Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

N. B.—If your nearest Druggist or Storekeeper does not have this medicine ask him to get it for you, and do not let him put you off with some other preparation because he makes more money on it; but go or send at once to some store where you know it is kept, or send to Dr. Oberholtzer. Sold by E. P. Lutz Druggist, Bloomsburg, and H. W. Creasy, & Co., Light Street, and nearly every druggist and storekeeper in Columbia County.

dec. 19,'69-6m.



The undersigned would inform the good people of Bloomsburg and surroundings, that he has moved his Drug Store from the old stand to his New Rooms, on the West side of Main Street, below Market. And that he has fully replenished his stock of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Patent Medicines, Perfumery, and Yankee Notions.

—ALSO—

Coal Oil Lamps and Lanterns, Lamp Shades and Fixtures generally, for repairing the worn, defective and missing material furnished to suit, any quantity, and for any Shade or Color.

Particular attention paid to putting up Physicians' and Family Prescriptions. Thankful for past favors, he would solicit a continuance of the same. Remember the New Stand, on Main Street, west side, below Market.

dec. 16,'69-3m. EPHRAIM P. LUTZ.

TO CONSUMPTIVES.

The Advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks, by a very simple remedy, after having suffered several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease, Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow-sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge,) with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure Cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis etc. The object of the advertiser, in sending the Prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable; and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing.

Parties wishing the prescription, will please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings County, New York.
Nov. 26,'69-ly.

JOB PRINTING

Neatly executed at this Office

Miscellaneous.

FORTY THOUSAND CASES OF goods were shipped from our house in One Year, to families, clubs, and merchants, in every part of the country, from Maine to California, amounting in value to over

ONE MILLION DOLLARS.

Our facilities for transacting this immense business are better than ever before. We have agents in all the principal cities to purchase goods from the Manufacturers, Importers, and others for CASH, and often at an immense sacrifice from the original cost of production.

Our stock consists, in part, of the following goods:—

Shawls, Blankets, Quilts, Cottons, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Table Linen, Towels, Hosiery, Gloves Skirts, Corsets, &c., &c.

Silver-Plated ware, Spoons plated on Nickel Silver, Dessert Forks, five-bottle plated Casters, Britannia Ware, Glass Ware, Table and Pocket Cutlery, in great variety.

Elegant French and German Fancy Goods, Beautiful Photograph Albums, the newest and choicest styles in Morocco and Velvet Bindings, Morocco Traveling Bags, Handkerchief and Glove Boxes, &c.

Gold and Plated Jewelry, of the newest styles.

We have also made arrangements with some of the leading Publishing Houses, that will enable us to sell the standard and latest works of popular authors at about one-half the regular price:—such as BYRON, MOORE, BURNS, MILTON, and TENNYSON'S Works, in full Gilt and Cloth Bindings,—and hundreds of others. These and everything else for

ONE DOLLAR FOR EACH ARTICLE.

We do not offer a single article of merchandise that can be sold by regular dealers at our price. We do not ask you to buy goods from us unless we can sell them cheaper than you can obtain them in any other way;—while the greater part of our goods are sold at about

ONE-HALF THE REGULAR RATES.

We want good reliable agents in every part of the Country. By employing your spare time to form clubs and collecting the orders, you can obtain the most liberal commissions, either in Cash or MERCHANDISE, and all goods sent by us will be as represented, and we guarantee satisfaction to every one dealing with our house.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS FOR ALL.—Can be found at Parker & Co.'s 88 & 100 Summer St., Boston, Mass. To enable every person to provide themselves with handsome and useful Holiday Presents, from now until the 20th of January, 1870, these gentlemen will issue large eight-paged Catalogues of all the newest and best novelties in fancy goods as Fancy Boxes, Desks, Glove Boxes, Albums in Morocco, Gilt and Velvet Bindings, real Morocco Shopping Bags, Furnished Reticules, Silver Plated Ware and Cutlery of all descriptions, the latest styles of Jewelry in Gold, Cornelian, Jet, Shell, Etruscan, Carbuncle and Hair, Dry Goods, &c., &c., &c., and hundreds of the latest and best published Books. They are giving One Hundred Tickets to every one who will become their Agent, without charging them 10 cts. each as heretofore. Read the change in their Advertisement in another column, and send for Catalogue.

"In every order amounting to over $50, accompanied by the cash, the Agent may retain $2.00, and in every order of over $100, $5.00 may be retained to

PAY THE EXPRESS CHARGES.

This offer is more especially to assist Agents in the Western and Southern States, but is open to all customers.

COMMISSIONS:

Agents will be paid ten per cent, in Cash o Merchandise, when they FILL UP THEIR ENTIRE CLUB, for which below we give a partial List of Commissions:

For an order of $20, from a club of Thirty, we will pay the Agent, as commission, 28 yds. Brown or Bleached Sheeting, Good Dress Pattern, Wool Square Shawl, French Cashmere Pants and Vest Pattern, Fine Large White Counterpane, etc., etc., or $3.00 in cash,

For an order of $30, from a Club of Fifty, we will pay the Agent as Commission, 45 yards Sheeting, One pair heavy Wool Blankets, Poplin Dress pattern, Handsome wool Square Shawl, Silver-Case Watch, etc., etc., or $5.00 in cash.

For an order of $100, from a Club of One Hundred, we will pay the Agent, as commission 100 yards good yard-wide Sheeting, Coin-Silver Hunting Case Watch, Rich Long Wool Shawl, Suit of all Woo' French Cassimere, etc., etc., or $10 in cash.

We do not employ any Travelling Agents, and customers should not pay money to persons purporting to be our agents, *unless personally acquainted.*

SEND MONEY ALWAYS BY REGISTERED LETTERS

For further particulars send for Catalogues.

PARKER & CO.,
98 & 100 Summer St., Boston, Mass.
Oct. 1, '69-3m.

H. C. HOWER,

has opened a first-class

BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE,

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys's and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, also, a splendid assortment of calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters. In short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS,

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited and before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.

Dec. 6'67*

CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY,

Bloomsburg, Pa.

M. C. SLOAN & BROTHER

Have on hand and for sale at the most reasonable rates a splendid stock of

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES,

and every description of Wagons both

PLAIN AND FANCY

warranted to be made of the best and most durable materials, and by the most experienced workmen. All work sent out from the establishment will be found to be of the highest class and sure to give perfect satisfaction. They have also a fine assortment of

SLEIGHS

of all the newest and most fashionable styles, well and carefully made and of the best materials.

An inspection of their work is asked as it is believed that none superior can be found in the country. Nov. 26,'69-tf.

POWDER KEGS AND LUMBER

W. M. MONROE & CO.,

Rupert, Pa.,

Manufacturers of

POWDER KEGS,

and dealers in all kinds of

LUMBER,

give notice that they are prepared to accomodate their custom with dispatch, and on the cheapest terms.

PARKER'S

BREECH-LOADING, DOUBLE-BARRELED

SHOT GUN

BEST IN THE WORLD.

PARKER BROTHERS WEST MERIDEN, CONN.

SEND FOR A CIRCULAR

New York Office 27 BEEKMAN ST.

dec. 24,'69-6m.

NEW COAL YARD.

THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stoves coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace; with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw. Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who desire it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere.

J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:—Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter, Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,

J. W. HENDERSHOT.

Bloomsburg Mar. 18,'69-1y.

OMNIBUS LINE.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and the public generally that he is running an

OMNIBUS LINE

between this place and the different railroad depots daily (Sundays excepted), to connect with the several trains going South and West on the Catawissa and Williamsport Railroad, and with those going North and South on the Lackawanna and Bloomsburg Railroad.

His Omnibusses are in good condition, commodious and comfortable, and charges reasonable.

Persons wishing to meet or see their friends depart, can be accomodated upon reasonable charge by leaving timely notice at any of the hotels.

JACOB L. GIRTON, Proprietor.

WANTED.—100 FARMERS' SONS and others out of employment, can make from $75 to $150 per month, from now till next Spring, by addressing BARCLAY & CO.,
619 Arch Street, Philadelphia.
Nov. 26,'69-3m.

Dry Goods & Notions.

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING.

at his store on

Main Street, two doors above the American House Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable, and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS,

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,

STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS

SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS

HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,

SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed, in this place. Call and examine his general assortmen of

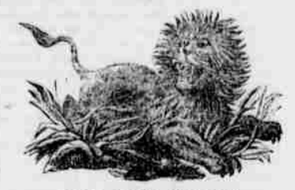
CLOTHING, WATCHES, JEWELRY, &C.

DAVID LOWENBERG.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST

BLACK ALPACA

NOW MANUFACTURED IS THE DOUBLE WARP



RED LION BRAND

to be found at the popular dry goods store of the undersigned where everybody buy their

SILKS,
DRESS GOODS,
FURS,
SHAWLS,
HOSIERY,
GLOVES,
&C., &C.

and any thing that they want in the line of dry goods.

M. P. LUTZ,

MAIN STREET

OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Nov. 12,'69-1.

C. C. MARR

have just received from the eastern markets a large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Cassimers,
Jeans,
Best bleached & Brown Muslins,
Calicoes,
Tickings,
Table Linens,
Cotton & All wool flannels, &c., &c.,
A good stock of Ladies dress goods,
Latest styles & patterns.
Spices of all kinds.
Good stock groceries,
Queensware,
Stone ware,
Wood & willow ware,
Flour & Chop,

Also Kitchen Crystal Soap for cleaning Tin, Brass, &c. All goods sold cheap for cash or produce.

He would call the attention of buyers to his well and carefully selected assortment which comprises everything usually kept in the country, feeling confident that he can sell them goods at such prices as will ensure satisfaction.

Nov. 5,'69-tf C. C. MARR.

MILLER'S STORE.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The subscriber has just returned from the cities with another large and select assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

purchased in New York and Philadelphia at the owest figure, and which he is determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where in Bloomsburg. His stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods,
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs,

AND NOTIONS GEN RALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which he invites the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON.

Arcade Buildings, Bloomsburg, Pa.

CONFECTIONERY.

The undersigned would respectfully announce to the public that he has opened a

FIRST-CLASS CONFECTIONERY STORE,

in the building lately occupied by Fox & Webb where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of

PLAIN & FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS,
NUTS, RAISINS, &C., &C., &C.

BY WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

In short, a full assortment of all goods in his line of business. A great variety of

DOLLS, TOYS, &c.,

suitable for the Holidays. Particular attention given to

BREAD AND CAKES,

of all kinds, fresh every day.

CHRISTMAS CANDIES,
CHRISTM